National Health Service Corps

Rural Community

Loan Repayment Program

Full- & Half-Time Service Opportunities

Fiscal Year 2023

Application & Program Guidance

February 2023

Application Submission Deadline: April 25, 2023, 7:30 p.m. ET

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Health Resources and Services Administration
Bureau of Health Workforce
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, Maryland 20857

For questions, please call 1-800-221-9393 (TTY: 1-877-897-9910) Monday through Friday (except federal holidays) 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. ET.

Authority: Section 338B of the Public Health Service Act (42 USC 254l-1), as amended
Section 331(i) of the Public Health Service Act (42 USC 254d(i)), as amended
The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023

Future changes in the governing statute, implementing regulations and Program Guidance may also be applicable to National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants.

Assistance Listings (AL/CFDA) Number 93.162
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TABLE OF CONTENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Privacy Act Notification Statement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Health Service Corps Program Overview</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APPLICANT ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNDERSTANDING THE SERVICE OBLIGATION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROGRAM COMPLIANCE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APPLICATION DEADLINE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMPLETING AN APPLICATION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONFIRMATION OF INTEREST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESOURCES FOR APPLICANTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFINITIONS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Health Resources and Services Administration is accepting applications for National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program. Licensed primary care and substance use disorder treatment clinicians in eligible disciplines can receive loan repayment assistance through the Rural Community Loan Repayment Program. In exchange for loan repayment, you must serve at least three years of service at a rural NHSC National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility in a Health Professional Shortage Area.

Eligible Applicants: Clinicians who provide patient care under the following disciplines and specialties:
• Primary Care Medical
• Behavioral & Mental Health

Funding: Full-time service: Up to $100,000 for a three-year term
Half-time service: Up to $50,000 for a three-year term

Service Obligation: You have a choice of service options:
• Three-year full-time clinical practice at a National Health Service Corps-approved Rural Community Treatment Facility.
• Three-year half-time clinical practice at a National Health Service Corps-approved Rural Community Treatment Facility.

National Health Service Corps Service Site Connector: Visit the Health Workforce Connector

Application Deadline: April 25, 2023
A Letter from Luis Padilla, MD

Dear Applicant,

Thank you for your consideration and time in applying to a National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program. For more than 50 years, the National Health Service Corps has fulfilled its mission to connect a highly qualified, diverse group of health care professionals to people with limited access to health care. As we move forward, we need clinicians like you who are committed to serving in communities that need you most. In exchange, we will pay part and, in some cases, all your health professional student loan debt.

As a former NHSC scholar, I completed my service obligation at a large health center network in Washington, D.C., so I understand how busy you are. To that end, we have streamlined the application process to make it easier for you to compare programs and apply to the one that is a good fit for you.

Again, thank you for taking time to read each program’s Application and Program Guidance and consider applying.

/Luis Padilla, MD/

Luis Padilla, MD
Associate Administrator for Health Workforce
Director of the National Health Service Corps
Health Resources and Services Administration
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Privacy Act Notification Statement

General
This information is provided pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-579), as amended, for individuals supplying information for inclusion in a system of records.

Statutory Authority
Section 338B of the Public Health Service (PHS) Act (42 United States Code Section 254l-1), as amended; Section 331(i) of the Public Health Service Act (42 United States Code Section 254d(i)), as amended; the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022.

Purposes and Uses
The purpose of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program is to recruit and retain medical, nursing, and behavioral/mental health clinicians with specific training and credentials to provide evidence-based substance use disorder Substance Use Disorder treatment in rural Health Professional Shortage Areas. The information that applicants supply will be used to evaluate their eligibility, qualifications, and suitability for participating in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program. In addition, information from other sources will be considered (e.g., credit bureau reports and National Practitioner Data Bank reports).

An individual’s application, supporting documentation, related correspondence, data, and contract will be maintained in a system of records to be used within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to monitor National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program-related activities. The information may also be disclosed outside the Department, as permitted by the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act, to the Congress, the National Archives, the Government Accountability Office, and pursuant to court order and various routine uses as described in the System of Record Notice 09-15-0037 for Scholarship and Loan Repayment Program Records.

The name of a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participant and their discipline, specialty, business address, business telephone number, and service obligation completion date may be provided to professional placement firms in response to requests made under the Freedom of Information Act.

Effects of Nondisclosure
Disclosure of the information sought is required, except for the replies to questions related to Race/Ethnicity (Section 3 of the online application for National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program). An application may be considered incomplete if all required information is not submitted with the application.

Non-Discrimination Policy Statement
In accordance with applicable federal laws and, the Department does not discriminate on the basis of any non-merit factor, including race, color, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability (physical or mental), age, status as a parent, or genetic information.
National Health Service Corps Program Overview

For more than five decades, the National Health Service Corps has been working to match dedicated health professionals with communities across the country with the greatest need for their services. The National Health Service Corps seeks primary care clinicians with demonstrated interest in serving the nation’s medically underserved and offers loan repayment in return for clinical practice in communities identified as Health Professional Shortage Areas. As many National Health Service Corps members have in the past, we hope that because of this experience, you will continue to practice in underserved communities beyond your service obligation.

The National Health Service Corps has three Loan Repayment Programs:

- The National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program
- The National Health Service Corps Substance Use Disorder Workforce Loan Repayment Program
- The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program

You can only participate in one of these programs at a time. If you apply for and are eligible for more than one of these programs, the National Health Service Corps team will contact you to determine which program you prefer. However, the National Health Service Corps cannot guarantee that you will be offered an award under your preferred National Health Service Corps program.

The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 provided funding to the National Health Service Corps for the purpose of expanding and improving access to quality Opioid Use Disorder and other Substance Use Disorder treatment in rural and underserved areas nationwide. A portion of the National Health Service Corps funding will be used for rural workforce expansion to combat the opioid epidemic, which has had a particularly significant impact on rural communities. Given the need of rural Substance Use Disorder professionals within the National Health Service Corps, the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will make Fiscal Year 2023 loan repayment awards in coordination with the Rural Communities Opioid Response Program (RCORP) initiative within the Federal Office of Rural Health Policy (FORHP). Rural Community Opioid Response Program is a multiyear effort to reduce the morbidity and mortality of Substance Use Disorder, including opioid use disorder (OUD), in rural communities at the highest risk for these conditions. This effort also supports the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Opioid Prevention Strategy to combat the opioid crisis.

Under the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, the Secretary of Health, and Human Services (“Secretary”) will repay up to $100,000 of the graduate and/or undergraduate educational loans of applicants selected to be participants in the program. In return for these loan repayments, applicants must agree to provide primary health services in a Health Professional Shortage Area designated by the Secretary. An applicant becomes a participant in the Loan Repayment Program after their contract is signed by the applicant and by the Secretary or their designee. The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Programs contract
means the agreement, which is signed by an applicant and the Secretary, for the Loan Repayment Program wherein the applicant agrees to accept repayment of health professions educational loans and to serve in accordance with the provisions of section 338B of the Act and this subpart for a prescribed period of obligated service.

Application and Program Guidance

Please read the Application and Program Guidance (Guidance) in its entirety before proceeding with an application. The Guidance explains in detail the obligations of individuals selected to participate in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program. A complete understanding of the commitment to serve at a rural National Health Service Corps -approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility and the financial, legal, and other consequences of failing to perform that commitment is critical to successful completion of the mandatory service obligation associated with any National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program award.

What’s New for 2023

- For Fiscal Year 2023, we expect to make approximately 230 new awards to health professionals committed to serving in underserved communities and rural areas.

- In addition to placing Loan Repayment Program members in Health Professional Shortage Areas in need of primary care, and mental health providers, we also will use our new designation of Maternity Care Target Areas, located within primary care Health Professional Shortage Areas to distribute maternity care health professionals. Maternity care health professionals are obstetricians/gynecologists, family medicine physicians who practice obstetrics on a regular basis, and certified nurse midwives. Maternity care health professionals will be placed using either the primary care Health Professional Shortage Area score or the Maternity Care Target Areas, whichever is higher. Maternity Care Professionals serving exclusively in a Mental Health Shortage Area are not eligible to apply to the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program.

- The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will continue to have designated funding to support health professions committing to provide primary health services in Indian Health Service facilities, Tribally Operated 638 Health Programs, and Urban Indian Health Programs.2

Key Application Dates

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1 Maternity Care Target Areas are authorized under Section 332(k)(1) of the Public Health Service Act.
2 The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 dedicates $15,000,000 for making payments under the National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program to individuals who provide primary health services in Indian Health Service facilities, Tribally Operated 638 Health Programs, and Urban Indian Health Programs.
Key dates for the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applicants:

- **Applications Open**: February 28, 2023
- **Application Submission Deadline**: April 25, 2023
- **Notification of Award**: September 30, 2023
- **Employment Start Date**: July 18, 2023
- **Scholars Service Obligation Completion Date**: July 31, 2023
- **Contract Termination Deadline**: 60 days from the effective date of the contract, OR at any time if the individual who has been awarded such contract has not received funds due under the contract and the individual submits a written request to terminate the contract.

**Eligible Primary Care Providers**

Providers listed in the tables below are eligible to apply for the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program if they meet the discipline-specific training, licensure, and credentialing requirements described in the [Required Credentials for Eligible Disciplines](#) section of this Guidance. **Such professionals are considered by the National Health Service Corps to be Substance Use Disorder professionals and part of a Substance Use Disorder-integrated care team** (see “Substance Use Disorder Professional” definition in the “Definitions” section).

**Primary Medical Care:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Eligible Discipline</th>
<th>Specialty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physicians</td>
<td>• Family Medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• General Internal Medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• General Pediatrics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Geriatrics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Psychiatry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allopathic (MD)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteopathic (DO)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physician Assistants (PA)</td>
<td>• Adult</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nurse Practitioners (NP)</td>
<td>• Family</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registered Nurses (RN)</td>
<td>• Pediatric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist</td>
<td>• Women’s Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Geriatrics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Pharmacists                                | N/A                            |

**Behavioral/Mental Health**

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3 An exception applies to National Health Service Corps and Nurse Corps Scholars who will complete their service obligation by July 31, 2023.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Eligible Discipline</th>
<th>Specialty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physicians</td>
<td>Psychiatry (Both General Child and Adolescent Psychiatrists are eligible)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Allopathic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Osteopathic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nurse Practitioners</td>
<td>Mental Health &amp; Psychiatry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physician Assistants</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Service Psychologists</td>
<td>All specialties are eligible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Licensed Clinical Social Workers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychiatric Nurse Specialists</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marriage and Family Therapists</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Licensed Professional Counselors</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substance Use Disorder Counselors</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maternal Health

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disciplines</th>
<th>Specialty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physicians</td>
<td>Family Medicine Physicians who practice obstetrics on a regular basis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Allopathic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Osteopathic</td>
<td>Obstetrics/Gynecology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certified Nurse Midwives</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Clinical Practice Service Obligation and Loan Repayment Award Amounts

National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants have a choice of the following service options:

1. **Up to $100,000 in loan repayment and a 3-year Full-Time Clinical Practice service obligation.**
   The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will pay up to $100,000 in exchange for three years of full-time clinical practice to clinicians serving at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility with a mental health or primary care Health Professional Shortage score. For a more detailed definition of full-time clinical practice, see the “Requirements for Full-Time or Half-Time Clinical Practice” section.

2. **Up to $50,000 in loan repayment and a 3-year Half-Time Clinical Practice service obligation.**
   The NHSC National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will pay up to $50,000 in exchange for three years of half-time clinical practice to clinicians serving at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility with a
mental health or primary care Health Professional Shortage Area score. For a more detailed definition of full-time clinical practice, see the “Requirements for Full-Time or Half-Time Clinical Practice” section.

**Note:** Half-time practice is not available to those serving under the Private Practice Option; See “Practice Types” section.

The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants agree to apply all loan repayments received through the National Health Service Corps program to the participant’s qualifying graduate and/or undergraduate educational loans. By statute, National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program funds are exempt from federal income and employment taxes. Note that these funds are not included as wages when determining benefits under the Social Security Act.

**NOTE:** If an applicant’s outstanding balance of qualifying educational loans is less than the maximum award amount, the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will pay only the remaining balance of the total qualifying educational loans. However, in such cases, the participant remains obligated to complete the three-year service obligation.

To receive the award, the applicant must remain working at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, located in a mental health or primary medical care Health Professional Shortage Area, throughout the contract period. A participant’s National Health Service Corps Rural Community Program contract obligation period begins on the date that the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract becomes effective, which is on the date it is countersigned by the Secretary or their designee. The last day of the contract is determined in whole years from the start date. For example, the last day of the contract period for a participant with a three-year full-time service contract that began on July 18, 2023, would be July 17, 2026.

**HOW LOAN REPAYMENT AWARDS ARE DETERMINED**

The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program determines loan repayment awardees using rankings of Health Professional Shortage Areas, funding priorities and other selection factors.

**Health Professional Shortage Area and Maternity Care Target Area Scoring**

*Health Professional Shortage Areas*

The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program statute requires that Corps clinicians work in Health Professional Shortage Areas of greatest need.

Through state Offices of Primary Care, data on primary care health professional capacity across each state is aggregated and reported to the Health Resources and Services Administration, which uses that
information to identify Health Professional Shortage Areas and assign each Health Professional Shortage Area a score based on relative capacity need. These scores are included on the Health Workforce Connector – the higher the score, the greater the need.

The applications for those applicants who are determined to meet individual eligibility for the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, are prioritized and awarded based on descending order of the Health Professional Shortage Area score for the applicant’s site of service (i.e., your work site).

Further, the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program uses the funding priority factors (see the “Funding Priority” section below) to rank the applicants in the tiers as reflected in the “Tiering for Funding Priorities” table below. If an applicant is serving or will serve at multiple National Health Service Corps-approved service sites, with differing Health Professional Shortage Area scores, the lowest score will be used to determine the order in which the application will be reviewed. Health Professional Shortage Area data as of the application submission deadline will be used for the Fiscal Year 2023 award cycle. Some participants may be required to serve in specific types of Health Professional Shortage Areas. For example, mental health providers will be evaluated, and slots allocated based on mental Health Professional Shortage Area scores.

Maternity Care Target Areas

A Maternity Care Target Area is a geographic area within a primary care Health Professional Shortage Area that has a shortage of maternity care health professionals. The higher the Maternity Care Target Area score, the greater the need for maternity care health professionals. The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will review and approve applications from maternity care health professionals by descending Health Professional Shortage Area or Maternity Care Target Area score, whichever is higher, and based on the funding priorities identified below. Maternity care health professionals are obstetricians/gynecologists, family medicine physicians who practice obstetrics on a regular basis, and certified nurse midwives.

Note: Maternity care health professionals serving exclusively in a Mental Health Professional Shortage Area are not eligible for an award.

Funding Priorities

Consistent with the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program enabling statute, priorities in funding will be applied to eligible and qualified applicants as follows:

- **Current (or former) National Health Service Corps Participants with Remaining Eligible Loans Who are Seeking to Extend their Service Obligation.** First, previous National Health Service Corps members include scholarship recipients and former participants of the various National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Programs who have completed their service obligation and continue to have eligible student loans.
• **Likely to Remain Practicing in a Health Professional Shortage Area.** Consistent with the governing statute, the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will also give priority to an applicant who has (and whose spouse, if any, has) characteristics that indicate a higher likelihood of continuing to practice in a Health Professional Shortage Area after the service obligation is completed. The program will assess the applicant’s education, training, and experience in working with underserved populations by considering the following factors to determine this priority:

  a. **Applicants who have completed:** a Primary Care Training and Enhancement⁴: Training Primary Care Champions Program, a postgraduate medical or dental training program funded by Health Resources Services Administration through the Teaching Health Center Graduate Medical Education⁵ Payment Program, and a Health Resources Services Administration-funded Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Program,⁶ or Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Integration Program,⁷ or a Health Resources Services Administration-funded Addiction Medicine Fellowship.⁸

  b. **Disadvantaged Background** (see the “Definitions” section). Consistent with the governing statute, the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will also give priority to an applicant who has (and whose spouse, if any, has) characteristics that indicate a higher likelihood of continuing to practice in a Health Professional Shortage Area after the service obligation is completed, and who comes from a disadvantaged background. The applicant may submit certification from their school on the National Health Service Corps-approved form that they: (i) were identified as having a “disadvantaged background” based on environmental and/or economic factors, or (ii) received a federal Exceptional Financial Need Scholarship. Applicants may also self-attest to having a disadvantaged background by uploading a document that validates that they meet the criteria included on the disadvantaged background form. (Examples of documents that would satisfy this requirement include: a Federal student aid report, etc.).

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⁴ The Primary Care Training and Enhancement: Training Primary Care Champions program is authorized under Section 747(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42.U.S.C. 293k(a)). Funding was awarded under Notice of Funding Opportunity number HRSA-18-013.

⁵ The Teaching Health Center Graduate Medical Education Program is authorized under Section 340H of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. § 256h), as amended. Funding was awarded under Notice of Funding Opportunity number HRSA-20-011.

⁶ The Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Program⁶ or Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Integration Program is authorized by 42 U.S.C § 296j (Section 811 of the Public Health Service Act). Funding was awarded under Notice of Funding Opportunity number HRSA-19-001.

⁷ The Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Program⁷ or Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Integration Program is authorized by 42 U.S.C § 296j (Section 811 of the Public Health Service Act). Funding was awarded under Notice of Funding Opportunity number HRSA-20-118.

⁸ The Addiction Medicine Fellowship program is authorized under Section 760(a)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. § 294k(a)(1)). Funding was awarded under Notice of Funding Opportunity number HRSA-20-013.
## Tiering For Funding Priorities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clinician Type</th>
<th>Rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder Treatment Facility Requirement</th>
<th>Health Professional Shortage Area</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tier 1</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>25-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Substance Use Disorder professionals <strong>with OR without</strong> specialized training to provide Substance Use Disorder Treatment (<em>e.g.</em>, Licensure/Certification or X-Waiver)</td>
<td>Rural Communities Opioid Response Program Consortium Member Site</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tier 2</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>25-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Substance Use Disorder professionals <strong>with</strong> specialized training to provide Substance Use Disorder Treatment (<em>e.g.</em>, Licensure/Certification or X-Waiver)</td>
<td>Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration-certified opioid treatment program</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Office-based opioid treatment facility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Non-opiod outpatient Substance Use Disorder treatment facility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tier 3</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>25-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Substance Use Disorder Professionals <strong>without</strong> specialized training to provide Substance Use Disorder Treatment (<em>e.g.</em>, Licensure/Certification or X-Waiver)</td>
<td>Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration-certified opioid treatment program</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Office-based opioid treatment facility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Non-opiod outpatient Substance Use Disorder treatment facility</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### APPLICANT ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

To be eligible for a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan LR P award, Loan Repayment Program award, an applicant must:

1. Be a U.S. citizen (either U.S. born or naturalized) or U.S. national.
2. Have a current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration in the discipline in which they are applying to serve.
(3) Participate or be eligible to participate as a provider in the Medicare, Medicaid, and Children’s Health Insurance Programs, as appropriate.

(4) National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants should expect to serve their commitments as salaried, non-federal employees of a public or private entity approved by the National Health Service Corps. However, an applicant must be eligible to hold an appointment as a Commissioned Officer of the Public Health Service or as a federal civil servant. For more information, please visit the Commissioned Corps of the U.S. Public Health Service website.

(5) Be employed by, or have accepted a position at, a rural National Health Service Corps National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility where employment and provision of care to patients will begin no later than July 18, 2023.

(6) Submit a complete application as set forth in the “Completing An Application” section of this Guidance. Completed applications must be received on or before April 25, 2023, at 7:30 p.m. ET.

Training and Licensure Requirements

National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applicants must demonstrate satisfactory professional competence and conduct and meet discipline and specialty-specific education, training, and licensure requirements, as described below.

Applicants who intend to practice under the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program as federal employees, federal contractors, or employees of a tribal health program (see the “Definitions” section) in a state in which the tribal health program provides services described in its contract, must have a current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate or registration (whichever is applicable) in a state.

All other applicants must have a current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, as set forth below, in the state where their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility is located, unless otherwise noted below.

All applicants who are seeking to be considered in tier two for funding, must submit verification of specialized training to provide substance use disorder treatment services (see the “Additional Supplemental Documentation” section below).

NOTE: Clinicians who are in residency programs may apply to the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program with a provisional license; however, they must possess a current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license before accepting a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program award.

The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program reserves the right to request documented proof of completion of discipline-specific advanced training (residency,
certification, fellowships, etc.) and any other requirements set forth below. Please note that while an applicant may be licensed in the state of intended practice, there may be additional requirements identified below that must be met to be eligible for the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program. See, for example, the “Telehealth Policies” section for requirements pertaining to participants providing telehealth services.

**NOTE:** Please be advised that the National Practitioner Data Bank will be queried for each applicant as part of the application process.

**Required Credentials for Eligible Disciplines**

1. **Primary Medical Care**

All Primary Care applicants that fall under these disciplines should refer to the “Training and Licensure Requirements” section above.

- **Allopathic or Osteopathic Physicians** must have:

  i. **Educational Requirement**
     A certificate of completion of an allopathic or osteopathic physician at one of the following accredited schools located in a state, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. territory:
     A school of allopathic medicine accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education;
     -OR-
     A school of osteopathic medicine accredited by the American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation.

  -AND-

  ii. **Certification Requirement**
     Completed a residency program in a primary care specialty or fellowship in addiction medicine, approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association.

  -AND-

  iii. **Licensure Requirement**
     A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as an M.D. or D.O. as required by the applicable state or federal law.

**NOTE:** Allopathic and Osteopathic Physicians must serve in a primary care or mental Health Professional Shortage Area, except that obstetricians/gynecologists and family medicine physicians who practice obstetrics on a regular basis, cannot serve exclusively in a mental health Professional Shortage Area.
• **Physician Assistants, including those with a mental health specialty**, must have:

   i. **Educational Requirement**
      A certificate of completion or an associate, bachelor’s, or master’s degree from a physician assistant educational program accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant at a college, university, or educational institution that is accredited by a U.S. Department of Education nationally recognized accrediting body or organization.

   -AND-

   ii. **Certification Requirement**
      National certification by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants.

   -AND-

   iii. **Licensure Requirement**
      A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a PA as required by applicable state or federal law.

• **Nurse Practitioners** must have:

   i. **Educational Requirement**
      A master’s degree, post-master’s certificate, or doctoral degree from a school accredited by the National League for Nursing Accrediting Commission or the Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education, in one of these primary care Nurse Practitioner specialties: Adult, Family, Pediatric, Women’s Health, or Geriatrics.

   -AND-

   ii. **Certification Requirement**
      National certification by the American Nurses Credentialing Center, the American Academy of Nurse Practitioners, the Pediatric Nursing Certification Board (formerly the National Certification Board of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners and Nurses), or the National Certification Corporation in one of these primary care Nurse Practitioner specialties: Adult, Family, Pediatric, Women’s Health, or Geriatrics.

   -AND-

   iii. **Licensure Requirement**
      A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license,
certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a Nurse Practitioner as required by applicable state or federal law.

- **Certified Nurse Midwives** must have:

  i. **Educational Requirement**
     A master’s degree or post-baccalaureate certificate from a school accredited by the American College of Nurse Midwives.
     
     -AND-

  ii. **Certification Requirements**
     National certification by the American Midwifery Certification Board (formerly the ACNM Certification Council).
     
     -AND-

  iii. **Licensure Requirement**
     A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a Certified Nurse Midwives as required by applicable state or federal law.

     **Note:** Certified Nurse Midwives cannot serve exclusively in a mental health Professional Shortage Area.

- **Pharmacists** must have:

  i. **Educational Requirement**
     A health professional degree from a School of Pharmacy accredited by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education at a college, university, or educational institution that is accredited by the U.S. Department of Education nationally recognized accrediting body or organization.
     
     -AND-

  ii. **Certification Requirement**
     No additional certifications required.

  iii. **Licensure Requirement**
     A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a pharmacist as required by applicable state or federal law.

- **Registered Nurses** must have:
i. **Educational Requirement**
   A degree from a school of nursing accredited by the U.S. Department of Education and
   has passed the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses.

   -AND-

ii. **Certification Requirement**
   No additional certifications required.

iii. **Licensure Requirement**
   A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license,
   certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a Registered Nurses as required
   by applicable state or federal law.

• **Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetists** must have:

i. **Educational Requirement**
   A Master’s degree from a school of nursing accredited by the U.S. Department of Education
   and has passed the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses.

   -AND-

ii. **Certification Requirement**
   National certification by the National Board of Certification & Recertification for Nurse
   Anesthetists.

   -AND-

iii. **Licensure Requirement**
   A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license,
   certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a Certified Registered Nurse
   Anesthetist as required by applicable state or federal law.

2. **Behavioral/Mental Health**
   The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program recognizes that
   states have varying educational, experience and testing requirements for the licensing of
   behavioral health clinicians. The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan
   Repayment Program generally adheres to national certification and licensing standards to
   facilitate the clinician’s ability to meet licensure requirements in other states if a transfer to
   another rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility
   in a different state is needed.

• **Psychiatrists** must have:
i. **Educational Requirement**
The qualifications for Allopathic or Osteopathic Physicians as stated in section 1 above.

-AND-

ii. **Certification Requirement**
Complete a psychiatry residency program approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association.

-AND-

iii. **Licensure Requirement**
A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a Psychiatrist as required by applicable state or federal law.

- Physician Assistants with a mental health specialty must have:

  i. **Educational Requirement**
  A certificate of completion or an associate, bachelor’s, or master’s degree from a physician assistant educational program accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant at a college, university, or educational institution that is accredited by a U.S. Department of Education nationally recognized accrediting body or organization.

  -AND-

  ii. **Certification Requirement**
  National certification by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants.

  -AND-

  iii. **Licensure Requirement**
  A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a Physician Assistant as required by applicable state or federal law.

- Health Service Psychologists must have:

  i. **Educational Requirement**
A doctoral degree (Ph.D. or equivalent) directly related to full professional work in clinical or counseling psychology from a program accredited by the American Psychological Association, Commission on Accreditation.

-AND-

ii. Certification Requirement
Passed the Examination for Professional Practice of Psychology; the ability to practice independently and unsupervised as a health service psychologist.

-AND-

iii. Licensure Requirement
A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as an HSP independently and without direct clinical supervision as required by applicable state or federal law.

NOTE: Health Service Psychologists who work at schools that are rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities are eligible to participate in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, so long as they meet all other requirements listed above, are engaged in Substance Use Disorder counseling services, and are able to meet the clinical practice requirements for the entire calendar year (see the “Service Obligation” and “Requirements for School-Based Clinics” sections). Psychologists focused on career or guidance counseling are not eligible to participate in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program.

• Licensed Clinical Social Workers must have:
  i. Educational Requirement
     A master’s degree or doctoral degree in social work from a school accredited by the Council on Social Work Education and affiliated with an educational institution accredited by the U.S. Department of Education nationally recognized accrediting body.

-AND-

Certification Requirement
Successfully passed the Association of Social Work Boards Clinical or Advanced Generalist licensing exam prior to July 1, 1998, or the Association of Social Work Boards Clinical Exam on or after July 1, 1998;
-OR-
Successfully passed the Licensed Clinical Social Worker Standard Written Examination and the Clinical Vignette Examination; and completed state required number of years or hours
of clinical social work experience under the supervision of a licensed independent social worker and passed the clinical level of the Association of Social Work Boards exam.

-AND-

Licensure Requirement
A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a Licensed Clinical Social Worker independently and without direct clinical supervision as required by applicable state or federal law.

- Psychiatric Nurse Specialists must have:

i. Educational Requirement
A master’s degree or higher degree in nursing from a program accredited by the National League for Nursing Accrediting Commission or the Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education with a specialization in psychiatric/mental health and 2 years of postgraduate supervised clinical experience in psychiatric/mental health nursing;  
-OR-
A baccalaureate or higher degree in nursing from a program accredited by the National League for Nursing Accrediting Commission or the Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education.

-AND-

ii. Certification Requirement
Certification by the American Nurses Credentialing Center as a Psychiatric and Mental Health Nurse, Clinical Specialist in Adult Psychiatric and Mental Health Nursing, or Clinical Specialist in Child and Adolescent Psychiatric and Mental Health Nursing.

-AND-

iii. Licensure Requirement
A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a Psychiatric Nurse Specialist or registered nurse independently and without direct clinical supervision as required by applicable state or federal law.

- Marriage and Family Therapists must have:

i. Educational Requirement
A master’s or doctoral degree in marriage and family therapy from a program accredited by the American Association for Marriage and Family Therapy, Commission on Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy Education or a graduate degree in another mental health field (psychiatry, psychology, clinical social work, psychiatric nursing, etc.) and completed a
Commission on Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy Education accredited postgraduate degree clinical training program in marriage and family therapy.

-AND-

ii. Certification Requirement
At least 2 years of postgraduate supervised clinical experience as a Marriage and Family Therapist.
-OR-
Clinical Fellow membership with the American Association for Marriage and Family Therapy (AAMFT).
-OR-
Successfully passed the Marriage and Family Therapist Standard Written Examination.

-AND-

iii. Licensure Requirements
A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration as applicable, to practice as a Marriage and Family Therapist independently and without direct clinical supervision as required by applicable state or federal law.

- Licensed Professional Counselors must have:

i. Educational Requirement
A master’s degree or higher degree with a major study in counseling from a school accredited by a U.S. Department of Education nationally recognized regional or state institutional accrediting agency; and
Have at least 2 years of postgraduate supervised counseling experience.

-AND-

ii. Certification Requirement
No additional certifications required.

iii. Licensure Requirement
A current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice as a Licensed Professional Counselor independently and without direct clinical supervision as required by applicable state or federal law.

-OR-

If an Licensed Professional Counselor license, certificate, or registration is not available in the state of intended practice, have a current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted
health professional license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice independently and unsupervised as a Licensed Mental Health Counselor (or as another discipline meeting the Licensed Professional Counselor educational requirements) in a state and be practicing independently and unsupervised as required by applicable state or federal law (e.g. Licensed Mental Health Counselor can apply as an Licensed Professional Counselor).

Licensed Professional Counselors who work at schools that are rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities are eligible to participate in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, so long as they meet all other requirements listed above, are engaged in Substance Use Disorder counseling services, and are able to meet the clinical practice requirements for the entire calendar year (see “Service Obligation” and “Requirements for School-Based Clinics” sections). Career or guidance counselors are not eligible to participate in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program.

• **Substance Use Disorder Counselors must have:**

  i. **Educational Requirement**
  A master’s degree or higher in a health professional field of study from a school accredited by the U.S. Department of Education nationally recognized regional or state institutional accrediting agency.

  -AND-

  ii. **Certification Requirement**
  A state-issued certification to provide Substance Use Disorder treatment. A provider’s certification to provide Substance Use Disorder treatment must meet the national standard recognized by the National Board of Certified Counselors, National Association for Addiction Professionals, or International Certification & Reciprocity Consortium.

  -OR-

  iii. **Licensure Requirement**
  A state-issued license to provide Substance Use Disorder treatment. A provider’s license to provide Substance Use Disorder treatment must meet the national standard recognized by the National Board of Certified Counselors, National Association for Addiction Professionals, or International Certification & Reciprocity Consortium.

Substance Use Disorder counselors are required to have a level of licensure or certification that allows them to practice independently and without supervision. The Substance Use Disorder licensure and certification must be unencumbered, unrestricted as required by applicable state or federal law, and it cannot be a provisional, temporary, or an internship document.
Selection Factors

Applicants who meet the eligibility criteria outlined above must also demonstrate that they:

(1) **Have a history of honoring prior legal obligations.** The National Health Service Corps will perform a hard inquiry\(^9\) with the credit bureaus to make the award decision. National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applicants who do not have a history of honoring prior legal obligations, as evidenced by one or more of the following factors, will not be selected:
   a. Default on any federal payment obligations, e.g., Department of Education student loans, Health Education Assistance Loans, Nursing Student Loans, Federal Housing Administration Loans, federal income tax liabilities, federally guaranteed/insured loans (e.g., student or home mortgage loans) or any non-federal payment obligations (e.g., court-ordered child support payments or state tax liabilities), unless the obligation was subsequently satisfied.
   b. Write off any federal or non-federal debt as uncollectible or waiver of any federal service or payment obligation.
   c. Default on a prior service obligation, e.g., applicants who have defaulted on a prior service obligation to the Federal Government, a state or local government, or other entity, unless the obligation was subsequently satisfied.
   d. Any judgment liens arising from federal debt.
   e. Failure/refusal to provide appropriate permission/consent for the National Health Service Corps to access the participant’s credit report and failure/refusal to unfreeze a frozen credit report.

(2) **Do not have any negative reports on the National Practitioner Data Bank.** The National Health Service Corps will request and review the applicant’s National Practitioner Data Bank report.

(3) **Are not in breach of any service obligation.** National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applicants will not be selected for an award if they are in breach of a health professional service obligation to a federal, state, or other entity.

(4) **Do not have an existing service obligation and agree not to incur a service obligation that would be performed concurrently or overlap with their National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program service obligation.** Participants who

\(^9\) According to the U.S. Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, these inquiries “are typically inquiries by lenders after you apply for credit. These inquiries will impact your credit score because most credit scoring models look at how recently and how frequently you apply for credit (Source: [https://www.consumerfinance.gov/](https://www.consumerfinance.gov/)).
subsequently enter other service obligations (e.g., State Loan Repayment Program) will be subject to the breach of contract provision (see the "Breaching the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program Contract" section).

EXCEPTIONS:

a. Applicants who are already obligated to a federal, state, or other entity for professional practice or service may be eligible if they will completely satisfy that obligation by one of the following dates below:
   • National Health Service Corps Scholarship Program and Nurse Corps Scholarship Program: July 31, 2023
   • National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program and Nurse Corps Loan Repayment Program\(^\text{10}\): April 25, 2023
   • All other obligations (e.g., active military duty, State Loan Repayment Program, Indian Health Service Loan Repayment Program): July 18, 2023

b. Members of a Reserve component of the armed forces or National Guard who are not on active duty prior to receiving a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program award are eligible for the program. Reservists should understand the following:
   • Military training or service performed by reservists will not satisfy the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program service obligation. If a participant’s military training and/or service, in combination with the participant’s other absences from the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, will exceed seven weeks per service year, the participant should request a suspension. The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program service obligation end date will be extended to compensate for the break in National Health Service Corps service.

   • If the reservist is deployed, they are expected to return to the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility where they were serving prior to deployment. If unable to do so, the reservist must request a transfer to another rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. If the reservist fails to seek a transfer and subsequently refuses to accept a National Health Service Corps assignment to another rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, they will be placed in default of their service obligation.

(1) Are not currently excluded, debarred, suspended, or disqualified by a federal agency.
   Applicants are required to report certain information, which is described in the

\(^{10}\) Applicants who have previously completed their service obligation under the National Health Service Corps Substance Use Disorder Workforce Loan Repayment Program or the Rural Community Loan Repayment Program must meet the discipline eligibility criteria for the National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program.
“Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Disqualification and Related Matters” section of the online application. The applicant should sign the certification that is applicable to their situation. As a condition of participating in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, a participant must agree to provide immediate written notice to Health Resources and Services Administration National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program if the participant learns that they failed to make a required disclosure or that a disclosure is now required due to changed circumstances. The National Health Service Corps will verify each participant’s status through the U.S. Department of the Treasury’s Do Not Pay site.

Qualifying and Non-Qualifying Educational Loans

National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applicants must have qualifying educational loans. A participant will receive loan repayment funding to be applied to the principal, interest, and related expenses of outstanding government (federal, state, or local) and commercial (i.e., private) student loans for undergraduate or graduate education obtained by the participant for school tuition, other reasonable educational expenses, and reasonable living expenses. The educational loans must be obtained prior to the date the participant submits their online application to the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program.

Consolidated or refinanced loans may be considered for repayment, so long as they are from a government (federal, state, or local) or private student loan lender and include only qualifying educational loans of the applicant. If an otherwise eligible educational loan is consolidated/ refinanced with ineligible (non-qualifying) debt of the applicant, no portion of the consolidated/ refinanced loan will be eligible for loan repayment. For loans to remain eligible, applicants/ participants must keep their eligible educational loans segregated from all other debts. In addition, eligible educational loans consolidated with loans owed by any other person, such as a spouse or child, are ineligible for repayment.

Loans that do not qualify for loan repayment include, but are not limited to:

1. Loans for which the applicant incurred a service obligation, which will not be fulfilled before the deadline for submission of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program application (April 25, 2023).
2. Loans for which the associated documentation cannot identify which loan was solely applicable to the undergraduate or graduate education of the applicant.
3. Loans not obtained from a government entity or private commercial student lending institution. Most loans made by private foundations to individuals are not eligible for repayment.
4. Loans that have been repaid in full.
5. Primary Care Loans.
6. Parent PLUS Loans (made to parents).
7. Personal lines of credit.
(8) Loans subject to cancellation.
(9) Residency and relocation loans.
(10) Credit card debt.

**NOTE**: Documentation of loans will be required. Qualifying educational loans must have documentation to indicate they were contemporaneous with the education received. Loan documentation will be verified by contacting lenders/holders and reviewing the applicant’s credit report.

**Eligible National Health Service Corps-approved Rural Community Treatment Facilities**

A rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility is in a Rural-Urban Commuting Area Census Tract and operates as a health care facility providing comprehensive outpatient services to populations residing in Health Professional Shortage Areas and has been determined to meet the National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility eligibility requirements and qualifications. To determine if an applicant’s site is considered “rural” for purposes of the National Health Service Corps Rural Communities Loan Repayment Program, use this Health Resources and Services Administration Data Warehouse tool: the Rural Health Grants Eligibility Analyzer.

To be a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, the facility must have demonstrated that they meet the requirements set forth in the National Health Service Corps Site Agreement and NHSC Site Reference Guide, including submission of Rural Community-related documentation.
Eligible Rural National Health Service Corps-Approved Substance Use Disorder Treatment Facility Types

- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration-certified outpatient treatment programs (Opioid Treatment Programs)
- Office-based opioid treatment facilities
- Non-opioid Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities
- Federally Qualified Health Care Centers
- Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Certified Rural health clinics
- American Indian Health facilities, including Indian Health Service Hospital and the outpatient clinics at Indian Health Service hospitals
- Federally Qualified Health Care Centers look-alikes
- Federal and State correctional facilities or detention centers
- Critical Access Hospitals and affiliated outpatient clinics at Critical Access Hospitals
- Community Mental Health Centers
- State or local health departments
- Community outpatient facilities
- Private practices
- School-based clinics
- Mobile units and free clinics

The following are not eligible rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities, even if they are in a Health Professional Shortage Areas: county/local prisons, inpatient hospitals (except for Critical Access Hospitals or Indian Health Services hospitals), and other inpatient facilities. Clinics that limit care to veterans and active-duty military personnel (e.g., Veterans Administration Medical Centers and clinics, military bases, and civilian health care providers in the Tricare network). Further, applicants whose employment is fully in a residential setting are not eligible for a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program award.

NOTE: Existing National Health Service Corps-approved sites that are not approved as a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities are not eligible.

Comprehensive Primary Care and Behavioral Health Facilities

In general, rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities must be certified under the Comprehensive Behavioral Health Services Certification process. Participants who are providing behavioral/mental health services in a certified, non-exempt National Health Service Corps behavioral health service site will only be provided a Loan Repayment Program award if the site can verify that it offers comprehensive primary behavioral/mental health care services (see the “Definitions” section). Acceptable documentation includes affiliation agreements; memorandums of understanding/agreement; contracts; letters of referral; letters of support/commitment; or referral and follow-up policy statements.
Non-exempt National Health Service Corps behavioral health service sites must provide the following services directly, not through affiliation or referral: screening and assessment, treatment plans, and care coordination. For additional information regarding this requirement, including certification timelines for sites, refer to the National Health Service Corps Behavioral Health Services Checklist Program Notification. The following National Health Service Corps-approved service sites are exempt from the Comprehensive Behavioral Health Services Certification process: Federally Qualified Health Care Centers (Health Center Grantees), Federally Qualified Health Care Centers look-alikes, Indian Health Service facilities, Tribally Operated 638 Health Programs, Urban Indian Health Programs, federal prisons, and state prisons.

**Inpatient Settings**

Inpatient hospital settings (except Critical Access Hospitals and Indian Health Services Hospitals with affiliated outpatient clinics) are not eligible rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities. Thus, clinicians whose employment are fully in an inpatient setting are not eligible for a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program award.

**Critical Access Hospital and Indian Health Service Hospitals with Outpatient Clinics**

Critical Access Hospitals and Indian Health Services Hospitals must have an affiliated outpatient primary care clinic and provide comprehensive primary care and related inpatient services. Both the Critical Access Hospitals and Indian Health Services Hospitals and their affiliated primary care clinics must submit separate site applications during the same application cycle. The sites must document how National Health Service Corps placement will be solely for primary care and certify compliance with the National Health Service Corps Site Agreement.

**Practice Agreement Types**

There are three (3) practice types available to National Health Service Corps participants:

1. **Federal Assignment.** National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants serving as federal employees are either federal civil service employees or active members of the U.S. Public Health Service Commissioned Corps and will typically be working at a federal site (e.g., an Indian Health Service Hospital). Participants assigned as Civil Servants may request to serve half-time (subject to federal personnel regulations); U.S. Public Health Service Commissioned Officers must serve full-time.

2. **Private Practice Assignment.** Under a Private Practice Assignment, a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participant is employed by a public or private entity and is subject to the personnel system (i.e., employment policies) of the entity to which they are assigned. In addition, the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility assures that the participant will receive a salary and malpractice coverage at least equal to what they would have received as a civilian employee of the U.S. Government. Malpractice insurance, including tail coverage,
can be provided through a commercial carrier or through the Federal Tort Claims Act, if available. The Private Practice Assignment service option is available to both full-time and half-time participants.

(3) **Private Practice Option.** Under the Private Practice Option, a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participant may be (a) self-employed (e.g., a solo practitioner or co-owner of the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility at which the applicant works); (b) part of a group practice; (c) an independent contractor; or (d) a salaried employee of an eligible, rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility who is not receiving salary and malpractice coverage at least equal to what they would receive as a federal civil servant. In order to serve under the Private Practice Option, the participant must submit a Private Practice Option request (application) and, if the National Health Service Corps approves the request, the participant must enter into a Private Practice Option Agreement that stipulates the special provisions that apply to those serving under the Private Practice Option. The Private Practice Option service option is open only to full-time participants.

**NOTE:** Federal Assignments and Private Practice Assignments require the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility to accept Medicare assignment, enter into the appropriate agreements under Medicaid and the Children’s Health Insurance Program, and utilize a schedule of discounts (including, as appropriate, waivers) of fees based on a patient’s ability to pay. See the definition of rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility in the “Definitions” section. The Private Practice Option requires the individual to comply with the same billing requirements.

Providers who work at schools that are rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities are eligible to participate in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, so long as they meet all other requirements listed above and are able to meet the clinical practice requirements for the entire calendar year (see “Service Obligation” and “Requirements for School-Based Clinics” sections). Career or guidance counselors are not eligible to participate in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program.

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<th>If an applicant is</th>
<th>and their salary and malpractice/tail coverage are</th>
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<tr>
<td>A federal Civil Service employee or an active member of the U.S. Public Health Service Commissioned Corps</td>
<td>provided by a Federal Government entity</td>
<td>Federal Assignment</td>
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<td>NOT a federal employee but an employee of an eligible rural National Health Service Corps-</td>
<td>at least equal to what they would earn as a civilian employee of the U.S. Government</td>
<td>Private Practice Assignment</td>
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<td>If an applicant is ...</td>
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<td>approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility</td>
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<tr>
<td>NOT a federal employee but an employee of a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility</td>
<td>less than what they would earn as a civilian employee of the U.S. Government</td>
<td>Private Practice Option</td>
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<tr>
<td>NOT a federal employee but an independent contractor to a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, or a member or co-owner of a group practice in an eligible Health Professional Shortage Area site, or a solo practitioner in a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility</td>
<td>whatever income they earn or generate; whatever malpractice coverage they purchase or receive</td>
<td>Private Practice Option</td>
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</table>

**Award and Withdrawal Processes**

Only the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or their designee can grant a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program award. Awards cannot be guaranteed or granted by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility personnel, National Health Service Corps staff, a Primary Care Office, a Primary Care Association, or any other person or entity.

Applicants selected as finalists will receive a Confirmation of Interest email with instructions to sign and return the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract and to provide banking information in order to confirm their continued interest in the program and to facilitate the electronic transfer of the award funds in the event that their contract is approved by the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or designee and funds are awarded.

**NOTE:** After submitting a signed contract, an applicant may withdraw their application any time before a contract is countersigned by the Secretary or their designee (see the “Application Review and Award
An applicant’s signature alone on the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract document does not constitute a contractual agreement. The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract becomes effective on the date it is countersigned by the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or their designee. It is anticipated that all Fiscal Year 2023 National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contracts will be countersigned on or before **September 30, 2023**.

Once an applicant has been selected for an award, the applicant will be provided with information for logging into the **Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal**. This web-based system will allow National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants to communicate with the National Health Service Corps and manage several customer service inquiries, such as contact information changes.

The participant’s award letter (available in the **Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal**) will note the beginning and estimated end date of the service obligation. A participant’s end date may change depending on circumstances arising during the term of their service obligation.

Awards funds are disbursed in the form of a lump sum payment and will be electronically issued to the bank account provided by the participant approximately 90 days after the contract start date. Where the award amount is less than the maximum amount set forth in this *Guidance*, the payment will be calculated to include interest accrued during the period between the contract start date and the disbursement of funds.

**NOTE:** Under the Treasury Offset Program, the Treasury Department is authorized to offset National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program payments for application to delinquent federal and state debts, including delinquent child support payments.

Once a contract is in place, the participant is encouraged to participate in a New National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program Awardee Webinar that will review program requirements. Participants will be notified by email of upcoming webinars and other training opportunities.

**Contract Termination**

An applicant becomes a participant in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program only upon entering into a contract with the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. The contract becomes fully executed (and effective) on the date that the Secretary (or the Secretary’s designee) countsigns the contract. For Fiscal Year 2023 National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contracts, Congress has provided that the Secretary may terminate a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract if the participant meets one of the following conditions:
(1) Submits a written request to terminate the contract within sixty (60) days following the contract’s execution date and repays all NHSC National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program funds paid to, or on behalf of, the participant under that contract, OR

(2) At any time if the individual who has been awarded such contract has not received funds due under the contract and the individual submits a written request to terminate the contract.

A written request for contract termination should be submitted through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. If the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program funds have been disbursed to the participant, they will receive separate instructions via the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal or directly from a National Health Service Corps representative outlining the process for returning the awarded funds.

Requests to terminate the contract after sixty (60) days will not be considered unless the participant who has been awarded such contract has not received funds due under the contract. Participants who do not meet the conditions for contract termination will be expected to perform their obligations under the contract. Failure to fulfill the terms of the contract may be considered a breach of contract.

**Transitioning from the National Health Service Corps Scholarship Program to the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program**

National Health Service Corps Scholars completing their service obligation who wish to be considered for an Fiscal Year 2023 National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program award will be able to complete an application by accessing their Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal account and submitting a complete application by the April 25, 2023.

National Health Service Corps Scholarship Program participants intending to remain at the same National Health Service Corps-approved service site where they will complete their National Health Service Corps Scholarship Program service obligation are eligible to apply for the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, so long as the scholarship obligation will be fulfilled on or before July 31, 2023. Scholar applicants will receive funding priority.

Scholars who intend to transfer to a rural NHSC National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility must complete their National Health Service Corps Scholarship Program obligation at their current National Health Service Corps approved site by July 31, 2023. When completing the application, scholar applicants who intend to transfer to a rural NHSC National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility will need to submit the new rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility so that Health Resources and Services Administration can verify the future employment.

**UNDERSTANDING THE SERVICE OBLIGATION**

To qualify for the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applicant must either: 1) be working at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder
treatment facility, or 2) have accepted an offer of employment at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility by the date they submit their application and will begin meeting the National Health Service Corps clinical practice requirements at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility they identified (in their application) by July 18, 2023.

The participant’s National Health Service Corps service obligation begins on the date that the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract becomes effective, which is on the date it is countersigned by the Secretary or their designee. The participant’s award letter will note the beginning and projected end dates of the service obligation. In addition, this information is contained in the participant profile on the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. Participants will not receive service credit for any employment at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility prior to the effective date of their National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract.

The last day of the service obligation is determined in whole years from the start date. For example, the last day of service for a participant with a three-year full-time service obligation that began on July 15, 2023, would be July 14, 2026. Adjustments in the end date will be made by the National Health Service Corps if a participant is away from the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility for more than seven weeks (roughly 35 workdays) per service year (see the “Worksite Absences” section).

Requirements for Full-Time or Half-Time Clinical Practice

Every participant is required to engage in the full-time or half-time (as applicable) clinical practice of the profession for which they applied and were awarded a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract, at their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. Further, participants of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program are expected to perform an integral role in the delivery of Substance Use Disorder treatment services. These providers will support an integrated care model allowing National Health Service Corps-approved Rural Community treatment facilities to provide comprehensive care.

Read the following section carefully, as the clinical practice requirements for full-time and half-time providers have changed.

1) **Full-Time Clinical Practice.** For the purposes of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, full-time clinical practice is defined as a minimum of 40 hours/week, for a minimum of 45 weeks each service year. The 40 hours/week may be compressed into no less than 4 days/week, with no more than 12 hours of work to be performed in any 24-hour period. As noted in the practice requirements by disciplines (below) Participants do not receive service credit for hours worked over the required 40 hours/week and excess hours cannot be applied to any other work week. Also, time spent “on call” will not be counted towards the service obligation, except to the extent the
provider is providing patient care during that period. Additional rules apply based on discipline and practice location. For these rules, see the “Full-Time Clinical Practice Requirements by Discipline” section.

(2) **Half-Time Clinical Practice.** For the purposes of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, half-time clinical practice is defined as 20-39 hours/week, for a minimum of 45 weeks each service year. The minimum 20 hours/week may be compressed into no less than 2 days/week, with no more than 12 hours of work to be performed in any 24-hour period. As noted in the practice requirements by discipline (below), Participants do not receive service credit for hours worked over the required 20 hours/week and excess hours cannot be applied to any other work week. Also, time spent “on call” will not be counted towards the service obligation, except to the extent the provider is providing patient care during that period. Additional rules apply based on discipline and practice location. For these rules, see the “Half-Time Clinical Practice Requirements by Discipline” section.

The following definitions apply to both full-time and half-time clinical practice:

- **Clinical-related administrative, management or other activities** may include charting, care coordination activities, training, laboratory follow-up, patient correspondence, attending staff meetings, activities related to maintaining professional licensure and other non-Substance Use Disorder treatment related activities pertaining to the participant’s approved National Health Service Corps practice. Any time spent in a management role is also considered to be an administrative activity. The duties of a medical director are also considered primarily administrative, and National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applicants serving in such a capacity should keep in mind that they cannot count more than four hours/week of administrative and/or management time (two hours in the case of half-time participants) toward the total required 40 hours/week (or 20-39 hours in the case of half-time participants).

- **Teaching activities,** to qualify as clinical practice, require National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants to provide clinical education to students and residents in their area of expertise. All teaching must be conducted as directed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities, subject to the National Health Service Corps limits on the number of hours per week allowed for teaching (see Full-Time or Half-Time Clinical Practice Requirements section, as applicable). The clinical education may:
  1. Be conducted as part of an accredited clinical training program;
  2. Include the clinical supervision of a student/resident that is required for that student/resident to receive a license under state law; or
  3. Include mentoring that is conducted as part of the Health Careers Opportunity Program, or the Centers of Excellence Program.
• Clinical service provided by National Health Service Corps participants while a student/resident observes, should be counted as patient care, not teaching, as the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participant is treating the patient.

**Full-Time Clinical Practice Requirements by Discipline**

**Medical Providers**

a. **For providers of primary medical care services, including pediatricians and geriatricians:** Clinicians must work a minimum of 40 hours/week, for a minimum of 45 weeks/service year. At least 36 hours/week are spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities during normally scheduled office hours. Of the minimum 36 hours spent providing patient care, no more than 8 hours per week may be spent in a teaching capacity. The remaining 4 hours/week may also be spent providing patient care for patients at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, providing patient care in approved alternative settings to address continuity of care (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes, shelters, and other community-based settings) as directed by the approved site(s), or performing clinical-related administrative activities up to 4 hours per week.

If serving under a Federal Assignment or Private Practice Assignment and working in a Health Resources and Services Administration-funded Teaching Health Center, teaching activities performed by participants in the Teaching Health Center Graduate Medical Education program authorized under 42 U.S.C. § 256h, shall not exceed 20 hours/week. The remaining 20 hours must be spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities, 8 hours/week of which may be spent providing patient care in approved alternative settings to address continuity of care (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes, and shelters) or performing clinical-related administrative activities up to 4 hours per week.

If working in an Indian Health Service (IHS) Hospital or a Critical Access Hospital, at least 24 hours/week must be spent providing patient care in the Indian Health Service or Critical Access Hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic. Of the minimum 24 hours/week spent providing patient care, no more than 8 hours/week may be spent in a teaching capacity. The remaining 16 hours/week may be spent providing patient care at the Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital or the Indian Health Service or Critical Access Hospital (CAH) affiliated outpatient clinic, providing patient care at the hospital-affiliated facility or swing bed unit, or performing clinical-related administrative activities, up to 4 hours/week. Applicants must list both the Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital and the affiliated outpatient clinic in their application.

b. **For obstetricians/gynecologists, family medicine physicians who practice obstetrics on a regular basis, and certified nurse midwives:** Clinicians must work a minimum of 40 hours/week, for a minimum of 45 weeks/service year. At least 21 hours/week are spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities during normally scheduled office hours. Of the minimum 21 hours spent...
providing patient care, no more than 8 hours per week may be spent in a teaching capacity. The remaining 19 hours/week may be spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, providing patient care in an approved alternative setting to address continuity of care (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes, and shelters), or performing clinical-related administrative activities (limited to 4 hours/week).

If serving under a Federal Assignment or Private Practice Agreement and working in a Health Resources and Services Administration-funded Teaching Health Center, teaching activities performed by participants in the Teaching Health Center Graduate Medical Education program authorized under 42 U.S.C. § 256h, shall not exceed 20 hours/week. The remaining 20 hours must be spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, 8 hours/week of which may be providing patient care in approved alternative settings to address continuity of care (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes, and shelters), or performing clinical-related administrative activities, up to 4 hours/week.

If working in an Indian Health Services Hospital or a Critical Access Hospital, with an affiliated outpatient clinic at least 24 hours/week must be spent providing patient care in the hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic during normally scheduled office hours. Of the minimum 24 hours spent providing patient care, no more than 8 hours per week may be spent in a teaching capacity. The remaining 16 hours/week are spent providing patient care at the Indian Health Services Hospital or a Critical Access Hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic or performing clinical-related administrative activities, up to 4 hours/week.

**Behavioral & Mental Health Providers:**

Clinicians must work a minimum of 40 hours/week, for a minimum of 45 weeks/service year. At least 20 hours/week are spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility during normally scheduled office hours. Of the minimum 20 hours spent providing patient care, no more than 8 hours per week may be spent in a teaching capacity, in an alternative setting to address continuity of care (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes, and shelters) as directed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities, or performing clinical-related administrative activities, up to 4 hours/week. The remaining 20 hours/week may be spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities or performing service as a behavioral or mental health professional in schools or other community-based settings when directed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities.

If serving under a Federal Assignment or Private Practice Assignment and working in a Health Resources and Services Administration-funded Teaching Health Center, teaching activities performed by participants in the Teaching Health Center Graduate Medical Education program
authorized under 42 U.S.C. § 256h, shall not exceed 20 hours/week. The remaining 20 hours must be spent providing patient care at a participant’s rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities or, if directed by a participant’s rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities, in schools or other community-based settings. Only 8 hours/week may be spent providing patient care in an approved alternative setting to address continuity of care (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes, and shelters) or performing clinical-related administrative activities, up to 4 hours/week.

If working in an Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital (only applies to psychiatrists or physician assistants and nurse practitioners with specialized training in mental health), at least 24 hours/week must be spent providing patient care in the Indian Health Service or Critical Access Hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic. Of the minimum 24 hours spent providing patient care, no more than 8 hours per week may be spent in a teaching capacity. The remaining 16 hours/week are spent providing patient care at the Indian Health Service (Hospital or Critical Access Hospital or the Indian Health Service or Critical Access Hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic, providing patient care at the hospital-affiliated facility or swing bed unit, or performing clinical-related administrative activities, up to 4 hours/week. Applicants must list both the Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital and the affiliated outpatient clinic in their application.

Half-Time Clinical Practice Requirements by Discipline

(1) Medical Providers

a. For providers of primary medical care services, including pediatricians and geriatricians: Clinicians must work a minimum of 20 hours/week, for a minimum of 45 weeks/service year. At least 16 hours/week are spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities during normally scheduled office hours. Of the minimum 18 hours spent providing patient care, no more than 4 hours per week may be spent in a teaching capacity. The remaining 4 hours/week are spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities, providing patient care in approved alternative settings to address continuity of care (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes, and shelters) as directed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities, or performing clinical-related administrative activities, up to 2 hours/week.

If working in an Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital at least 12 hours/week must be spent providing patient care in the hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic. Of the minimum 12 hours spent providing patient care, no more than 4 hours per week may be spent in a teaching capacity. The remaining eight hours/week are spent providing patient care at the Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital or the Indian Health Service) or Critical Access Hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic, providing patient care at the hospital-affiliated facility or swing bed unit, or performing clinical-related administrative activities (limited to two hours/week). Applicants must list both the Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital and the affiliated outpatient clinic in their application.
b. For obstetricians/gynecologists, family medicine physicians who practice obstetrics on a regular basis, and certified nurse midwives: Clinicians must work a minimum of 20 hours/week, for a minimum of 45 weeks/service year. At least 11 hours/week must be spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities during normally scheduled office hours. Of the minimum 11 hours spent providing patient care, no more than 4 hours/week may be spent in a teaching capacity. The remaining 9 hours/week must be spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities, providing patient care in alternative settings to address continuity of care (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes, and shelters) as directed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities, or performing clinical-related administrative activities, up to 2 hours/week.

If working in an Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital, at least 11 hours/week must be spent providing patient care in the hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic. Of the minimum 11 hours spent providing patient care, no more than 4 hours/week may be spent in a teaching capacity. The remaining 9 hours/week must be spent providing patient care at the Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital or the hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic, providing patient care at the hospital-affiliated facility or swing bed unit, or performing clinical-related administrative activities, up to 2 hours/week. Applicants must list both the Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital and the affiliated outpatient clinic in their application.

(2) Behavioral/Mental Health Providers:

Clinicians must work a minimum of 20 hours/week, for a minimum of 45 weeks/service year. At least 10 hours/week are spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities during normally scheduled office hours. Of the minimum 10 hours spent providing patient care, no more than 4 hours per week may be spent in a teaching capacity, in an alternative setting to address continuity of care (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes, and shelters), as directed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities or performing clinical-related administrative activities (limited to two hours/week). The remaining 10 hours/week may be spent providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities or performing service as a behavioral or mental health professional in schools or other community-based settings when directed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities.

If working in an Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital (only applies to psychiatrists or physician assistants and nurse practitioners with specialized training in mental health), at least 12 hours/week must be spent providing patient care in the hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic. Of the minimum 12 hours spent providing patient care, no more than 4 hours per week may be spent in a teaching capacity. The remaining 8 hours/week are spent providing
patient care at the Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital or the Indian Health
Service or Critical Access Hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic, providing patient care at the
hospital-affiliated facility or swing bed unit, or performing clinical-related administrative
activities (limited to 2 hours/week). Applicants must list both the Indian Health Service Hospital
or Critical Access Hospital and the affiliated outpatient clinic in their application.

The participant agrees to maintain a current, full, permanent, unrestricted, and unencumbered
license, certificate, or registration, as applicable, to practice the participant’s health profession
as required by applicable state or federal law. Participants who are behavioral and mental
health providers (except psychiatric nurse specialists) further agree that they will be able to
practice their health profession independently and unsupervised during the period of obligated
service.

Conversion from Half-Time to Full-Time Status

Half-time participants are only allowed to convert to full-time service at the point they enter a new
full-time National Health Service Corps contract under the following conditions:

1. A participant’s rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder
treatment facility agrees in writing that the participant may convert to half-time clinical
practice (as defined by the National Health Service Corps);
2. A participant is a federal employee or a Private Practice Assignee (see the “Practice
Types” section). The half-time option is not authorized for Private Practice Option
practitioners; and
3. A participant agrees in writing (by signing an addendum to the National Health Service
Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program Full-Time Contract) to complete the
remaining service obligation through half-time clinical practice for twice as long as the
full-time commitment.

Participants will not be allowed to switch back to full-time service once they have converted to half-
time service.

Requirements for School-Based Clinics

All school-based clinics must be a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder
treatment facility. Participants serving at school-based clinics as their primary rural National Health
Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities must provide required
documentation (e.g., ISV Forms) that demonstrates they are meeting their National Health Service
Corps service obligation at that facility. For participants serving at a National Health Service Corps-
approved school-based clinic, the National Health Service Corps understands that the school-based
clinic may not be open year-round. Providers who work at school-based clinics that are not open year-
round will not receive National Health Service Corps service credit for any period of time they are not
serving at a school-based clinic. In order to meet the National Health Service Corps’ clinical practice
requirements, participants who are working at school-based clinics that are not open for a minimum of
45 weeks per service year have the option to work at an additional rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities. The additional rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities must satisfy the Health Professional Shortage Area requirements identified in the participant’s initial National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract.

If the participant’s school is closed for a portion of the year, and the participant does not have an alternate rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility that will enable the participant to fulfill the National Health Service Corps’ annual clinical practice requirements, the participant’s service obligation will be extended.

**Telehealth and Home Health Policies**

**Telehealth.** Telehealth delivered services cannot exceed more than 75% of the minimum weekly hours required to provide direct patient care, under the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract. National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants must comply with all applicable telemedicine policies of their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Rural Community treatment facility, as well as all applicable federal and state rules and policies regarding telemedicine services related to Medications for Opioid Use Disorder.

National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants who are performing telehealth are encouraged to utilize Health Resources and Services Administration’s Telehealth Resource Centers. These centers provide free telehealth technical assistance and training for providers using telehealth.

Health Resources and Services Administration and the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program are committed to expanding and improving access to quality opioid use disorder and other Substance Use Disorder treatment in rural and underserved areas across the country, including through the use of telehealth. National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applicants are encouraged to read a related September 2018 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services policy statement, “Telemedicine and Prescribing Buprenorphine for the Treatment of Opioid Use Disorder.”

The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will consider telehealth as patient care when both the originating site (location of the patient) and the distant site (location of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Program clinician) are located in a Health Professional Shortage Area and are rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities.

**Home Health.** The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program does not currently recognize the homes of patients or providers as National Health Service Corps-approved Rural Community sites. As such, home visits may only be conducted at the direction of the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility and may only be counted in the alternative setting allotment for patient care (see the “Full-Time Clinical Practice Requirements by Discipline” and “Half-Time Clinical Practice Requirements by Discipline” sections)."
PROGRAM COMPLIANCE

Worksite Absences

The information provided below pertains to compliance with the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program service obligation and is not a guarantee that a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility will allow any particular amount of leave. Leave must be approved by a participant’s rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility; therefore, participants cannot receive credit for leave if they are unemployed.

1. Full-time participants are allowed to spend no more than seven weeks (approximately 35 full-time workdays or 280 full-time working hours) per service year away from the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility for vacation, holidays, continuing professional education, illness, or any other reason.

2. Half-time participants are allowed to spend no more than seven weeks (approximately 35 half-time workdays or 140 half-time working hours) per service year away from the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility for vacation, holidays, continuing professional education, illness, or any other reason.

If a participant works more than the minimum number of hours per week (40 for full-time participants, 20 for half-time participants), the only time spent away from the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility that will need to be reported (see the “Service Verification” section below) and deducted from the allowed absences per service year (as set forth above) are the hours of absence that cause a participant’s work hours to fall below the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program required minimum number of hours per week. For example, a half-time participant who works 32 hours a week would not need to report 12 hours of sick leave because the participant has still met the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program minimum requirements of 20 hours a week.

Absences over 280 full-time working hours or 140 half-time working hours (which translates into seven weeks or 35 workdays) will result in the extension of the participant’s service obligation. Participants who have a medical or personal emergency that will result in an extended period of absence will need to request a suspension of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program service obligation and provide supporting documentation. The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment cannot guarantee that a suspension request will be approved. If a suspension is requested and approved, the participant’s service obligation end date will be extended accordingly. See the “Suspensions and Waivers” section.

Service Verification

Every National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participant who has completed their training and is practicing at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance
Use Disorder treatment facility must submit service verification documentation for each six months of service. The in-service verification will be available through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal and must be completed and electronically signed by the participant. Once completed by the participant, it will be forwarded to the site Point of Contact at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility for electronic verification. By completing and electronically signing the in-service verification form, the participant and the site Point of Contact are certifying the participant’s compliance or noncompliance with the clinical practice requirements during the preceding six-month period. The in-service verification will also record the time spent away from the service site during the six-month period and hours that fall below 40 (full-time) and 20 (half-time) hours/week.

While the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Program will take steps to alert both the participant and the site to the due date for an In-Service Verification submission, it is the participant’s responsibility to ensure that the site Point of Contact at their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility completes the verification in a timely manner and that it is accurate. Participants who fail to complete and submit their in-service verification on time may jeopardize receiving service credit and may also be recommended for default.

Leaving the Rural Substance Use Disorder Treatment Facility Prior to Completion of Service Obligation

The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program expects that participants will fulfill their obligation at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility identified in the “Confirmation of Interest” notification, that applicants are required to electronically sign. If a participant feels they can no longer continue working at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, the participant should discuss the situation and/or concerns with their National Health Service Corps Rural Community-approved service site management and must contact the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program immediately through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. If the participant leaves their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility without prior approval of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, they may be placed in default as of the date they stopped providing patient care at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility and become liable for the monetary damages specified in the participant’s National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract. Participants who are terminated for-cause by their service site will be placed in default.

Transfer Requests to Another Rural National Health Service Corps-Approved Substance Use Disorder Treatment Facility

The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program expects that participants will fulfill their obligation at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility identified in the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal and in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program Application.
However, the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Program does understand that circumstances may arise that require a participant to leave the initial another rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility and complete service at another rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants will only be allowed to transfer to another rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities. If a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participant would like to transfer to another rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, the participant must submit a transfer request through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. Approval of all transfer requests is at the National Health Service Corps discretion and may depend on the circumstances of the participant’s resignation or termination from the current rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility.

The rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility change must be approved and processed by the National Health Service Corps prior to the participant beginning to receive service credit for employment at the new rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. If a participant begins employment at a rural Substance Use Disorder treatment facility prior to National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program approval, they may not receive service credit for the time period between their last day providing patient care at the initial rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility and resumption of service at the transfer rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility following National Health Service Corps approval. If the proposed transfer Substance Use Disorder treatment facility is disapproved by the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program and the participant refuses assignment to another rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, they may be placed in default and become liable for the monetary damages specified in the participant’s National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract.

**Information on Continuing Service**

A National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participant will not receive a continuation contract for participation in the program beyond the three-year contract.

**Unemployment During Service Obligation**

The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program recognizes that circumstances may arise whereby a participant feels that they can no longer continue serving at their assigned rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. In some of these situations, the participant may be eligible to transfer to another rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility to continue service in accordance with the requirements specified in their service contract.
Participants who resign, or are terminated, by their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities, must contact the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program immediately through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. If the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program deems the participant eligible for a transfer, the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will give the participant a specified period of time in which to obtain and accept an employment offer at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility identified by the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program or at another suitable rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility identified by the participant.

Although the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program may assist unemployed participants with identifying suitable positions at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility (referred to as “site assistance”), it is the participant’s responsibility to obtain suitable employment at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. Please note that the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract is not limited to service in a particular geographic area, and there may not be transfer opportunities in the participant’s preferred area. **Unemployed participants may be expected to relocate in order to fulfill their National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program obligation.**

**NOTE:**

- Approval of a transfer or reassignment is at the National Health Service Corps’ Rural Community Loan Repayment Program discretion, and available service opportunities may not be in the participant’s preferred geographic area. Unemployed participants may be expected to relocate to fulfill their National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program obligation.

- Participants who voluntarily resign from their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities without prior approval from the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, are terminated by their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities “for cause,” or are deemed ineligible for rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility site assistance, may not receive a transfer to another rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, and may be placed in default and become liable for the monetary damages specified in the participant’s National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract.

**Work at an Unapproved Satellite Clinic Work**

If a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility asks a participant to work at a clinic that is not listed as a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility on the Health Workforce Connector and is not an approved
alternative setting, to address continuity of care, the participant should **immediately** notify the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. Time spent at unapproved clinics will **not** count towards the participant’s service obligation.

**Breaching the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program Contract**

While the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will work with participants to assist them, to the extent possible, to avoid a breach and fulfill the service obligation, participants are reminded that the failure to complete service for any reason is a breach of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract. Participants should make sure they understand the following monetary damages that are required by federal law when a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract is breached.

A participant who breaches a commitment to serve in a **full-time** clinical practice will become liable to the United States for an amount equal to the sum of the following:

1. The amount of the loan repayments paid to the participant representing any period of obligated service **not** completed;
2. $7,500 multiplied by the number of months of obligated service **not** completed; AND
3. Interest on the above amounts at the maximum legal prevailing rate, as determined by the Treasurer of the United States, from the date of breach.

See Section 338E(c)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254o(c)(1)), as amended.

A participant who breaches a commitment to serve in a **half-time** clinical practice will become liable to the United States for an amount equal to the sum of the following:

1. The amount of the loan repayments paid to the participant representing any period of obligated service **not** completed;
2. $3,750 multiplied by the number of months of obligated service **not** completed; AND
3. Interest on the above amounts at the maximum legal prevailing rate, as determined by the Treasurer of the United States, from the date of breach.

See Sections 331(i)(2)(F) and 338E(c)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254d(i)(2)(F) and 254o(c)(1)).

**Note: The minimum amount the United States is entitled to recover from a participant who breaches a commitment to serve full-time or half-time will **not** be less than $31,000.**

Any participant who breaches the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program contract, and who is placed into default status, will receive a default notice from the Program Support Center’s Debt Collection Center that specifies the amount the United States is entitled to recover, in accordance with Public Health Service Act, sections 331(i)(2)(F); 338E(c)(1). The debt will be
due to be paid within one year of the date of the default. Failure to pay the debt by the due date has the following consequences:

1. The debt may be reported as delinquent to credit reporting agencies. During the one-year repayment period, the debt will be reported to credit reporting agencies as “current.” If the debt becomes past due (i.e., remains unpaid at the end of the one-year repayment period), it will be reported as “delinquent.”

2. The debt may be referred to a debt collection agency and the Department of Justice. Any National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program debt past due for 45 days may be referred to a debt collection agency. If the debt collection agency is unsuccessful in collecting payment, the debt will be referred to the Department of Justice for filing of a lawsuit against the defaulter.

3. Administrative Offset. Federal or state payments due to the participant (e.g., an Internal Revenue Service or state income tax refund) may be offset by the Department of Treasury to pay a delinquent National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program debt. Also, defaulters who are federal employees may have up to 15 percent of their take-home pay garnished to pay a delinquent National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program debt.

4. Licensure Sanctions. In some states, health professions licensing or certification boards may impose sanctions, including suspension or revocation of a defaulter’s professional license or certification, if the defaulter fails to satisfactorily address repayment of their National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program debt.

Bankruptcy

The participant should also be aware that it is not easy to discharge a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program debt by filing for bankruptcy. A financial obligation under the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program is not dischargeable in bankruptcy for seven years after the debt becomes due (i.e., for seven years from the end of the one-year repayment period). After the seven-year period of absolute non-discharge expires, the debt may be discharged in bankruptcy only if a bankruptcy court determines that it would be unconscionable not to discharge the debt.

Sample Default Scenarios

Scenario 1: Dr. Jane Smith entered into a three-year National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program full-time service contract effective January 14, 2023. Her service end date is January 13, 2026. She received $100,000 in Loan Repayment Program financial support to apply toward her qualifying educational loans. She was terminated for cause by her rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility at the end of her workday on March 31, 2024. The National Health Service Corps determines that she defaulted on her Loan Repayment
Program contract on April 1, 2024, and served 443 days of her three-year (1,096-day) service obligation. Dr. Smith is liable to the United States for approximately: (1) $59,580 for the loan repayments received for obligated service not completed (653/1096 x $100,000) and (2) $165,000 for the months of service not completed ($7,500 x 22). Her total Loan Repayment Program debt of $224,580 will begin accruing interest at the maximum legal prevailing rate as of her default date (April 1, 2024) and is due to be paid in full within one year from the date of the default.

Scenario 2: Dr. Jane Smith entered into a three-year National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program half-time service contract effective January 15, 2023. Her service end date is January 14, 2026. She received $50,000 in Loan Repayment Program financial support to apply toward her qualifying educational loans. She resigned from her rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility at the end of her workday on September 30, 2024, because she found a higher paying job at a clinic that is not located in a Health Professional Shortage Area. The National Health Service Corps determines that she defaulted on her Loan Repayment Program contract on October 1, 2024, and served 625 days of her three-year (1,096-day) service obligation.

Dr. Smith is liable to the United States for approximately: (1) $21,487 for the loan repayments received for obligated service not completed (471/1096 x $50,000), and (2) $60,000 for the amount owed for the months of service she did not complete ($3,750 x 16). Dr. Smith’s debt from (1) and (2) equals $81,487 for breach of contract damages and will begin accruing interest at the maximum legal prevailing rate as of her default date (October 1, 2024). The debt is also due to be paid in full within one year from the date of the default.

Maternity/Paternity/Adoption Leave

Maternity/paternity/adoption leave of 12 weeks or fewer will be automatically approved by the National Health Service Corps, if documented in the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. If participants plan to be away from their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility for maternity/paternity/adoption leave, they are required to inform the National Health Service Corps before taking the leave. The National Health Service Corps will allow participants to be away from their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility within the timeframes established by either the Family Medical Leave Act (up to 12 weeks) or the participant’s state of residence; however, the participant must also adhere to the leave policies of their rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. If participants plan to take additional leave, they are required to request a medical suspension (see the “Suspensions and Waivers” section below), which may or may not be approved by the National Health Service Corps. Requests should be submitted through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. Remember that a participant is required to serve a minimum of 45 weeks per service year and is allowed to be away from the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility for no more than seven weeks (35 workdays) per service year; therefore, a participant’s obligation end date will be extended for each day of absence over the allowable seven weeks (35 workdays).
Suspensions and Waivers

The National Health Service Corps requires participants to fulfill their service obligation without excessive absences or significant interruptions in service. Participants are allowed approximately seven weeks of leave per service year; however, circumstances might occur that will prevent a participant from staying within this timeframe. In these cases, the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services may, under certain circumstances, suspend (i.e., put “on hold”) the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program service obligation. In addition, the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services may waive (i.e., excuse) the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program service or payment obligation.

1. **Suspension.** A suspension of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program commitment may be granted if compliance with the commitment by the participant: (i) is temporarily impossible, or (ii) would involve a temporary extreme hardship such that enforcement of the commitment would be unconscionable. Periods of approved suspension of service will extend the participant’s service obligation end date. The major categories of suspension are set forth below. Suspension requests are submitted through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal.

   a. **Leave of Absence for Medical or Personal Reasons.** A suspension may be granted for up to one year, if the participant provides independent medical documentation of a physical or mental health disability, or personal circumstances, including a terminal illness of an immediate family member (e.g. – child or spouse), which results in the participant’s temporary inability to perform the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program service obligation.

   b. **Maternity/Paternity/Adoption Leave.** If the participant’s maternity/paternity/adoption leave will exceed 12 weeks (or a longer period as permitted under state law where the participant resides) during a service year, a suspension may be granted by the National Health Service Corps based on documented medical need.

   c. **Call to Active Duty in the Armed Forces.** Participants who are military reservists and are called to active duty must submit a request for a National Health Service Corps service suspension through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. The period of active military duty will not be credited towards the National Health Service Corps service obligation. Suspensions for active-duty military assignment are granted for up to one year, beginning on the activation date described in the reservist’s call to active-duty order. A copy of the order to active duty must be provided to the National Health Service Corps with the request for a suspension. In the event that the National Health Service Corps participant’s period of active duty with the Armed Forces entity is extended beyond the approved suspension period, the participant must contact the National Health Service Corps through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal.
Service Portal for guidance on how to request an extension of the suspension period.

2. **Waiver.** A waiver permanently relieves the participant of all or part of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program commitment. A waiver may be granted only if the participant demonstrates that compliance with their commitment is permanently impossible or would involve an extreme hardship such that enforcement of the commitment would be unconscionable. A waiver request must be submitted by uploading a signed request letter, including the reason(s) the waiver is being sought, as an inquiry through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. The participant will be contacted by Health Resources and Services Administration regarding the medical and financial documentation necessary to complete the waiver request. All documents can be submitted through the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal. Note that waivers are not routinely granted and require documentation of compelling circumstances.

**Cancellation of National Health Service Corps Obligation**

The National Health Service Corps obligation will be cancelled in its entirety in the event of a participant’s death. No liability will be transferred to the participant’s heirs.
Application Information

APPLICATION DEADLINE

A complete online application must be submitted via the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal by 7:30 p.m. ET on April 25, 2023. All supporting documentation for the application must be uploaded before an individual can submit a complete application package. Applicants must upload all documents; the National Health Service Corps will not accept documentation by fax or mail. The electronic Employment Verification (see below) must also be completed before an applicant can submit their application.

Applicants should print and keep a copy of the completed application package for their records. Applicants are responsible for submitting a complete and accurate online application, including ALL required documentation in a legible format. If during the initial review of the application, the National Health Service Corps discovers that documentation is missing, or not legible, the application may be deemed “incomplete” and rejected. If the answers provided in the online application do not match the supporting/supplemental documents, or if the documentation provided does not accurately verify the answers provided, the application will be rejected.

COMPLETING AN APPLICATION

A complete National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program Online Application consists of:

(1) Online Application;
(2) Required Supporting Documentation; and
(3) Additional Supplemental Documentation (if applicable).

The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will not accept requests to update a submitted application or permit the submission/ resubmission of incomplete, rejected, or otherwise delayed application materials after the deadline. In addition, National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program staff will not fill in any missing information or contact applicants regarding missing information.

Online Application
Applicants are required to complete each of the sections below to be able to submit an online application.

(1) National Health Service Corps Eligibility. If an individual does not pass the initial screening portion of the online application, they will not be able to continue with the application. Please refer to the “Applicant Eligibility Requirements” section of the Guidance for further details.

(2) Program Eligibility. Answers to this section will determine the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program that is optimal for you to apply for an award.
(3) **General Information.** Answers to this section pertain to the applicant’s name, social security number, mailing and email addresses, and other contact information. Answers also pertain to individual and family background.

(4) **Discipline, Training and Certification.** Answers to this section pertain to the applicant’s education, training, and licensure/certification.

(5) **Employment.** In this section, applicants will search for and select the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities where they are providing or will provide patient care. If any of the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities are not listed in the search results, applicants are required to select the option below the search tool, which states to “Click this box if your rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility is not listed in the search results.” If selected, the applicant is provided instructions on how to resolve the concern. If any of the sites where the applicant provides patient care are not currently a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities, the provider is not eligible to apply. Applicants who work at more than one rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility (e.g., several satellite clinics) must include all service locations in their application by selecting from the drop-down menu and initiating an electronic Employment Verification for each rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. Selecting a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility where the applicant is not providing patient care will disqualify their application.

(6) **Employment Verification.** Once an applicant selects the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities at which they are or will be working, the applicant will need to initiate an electronic Employment Verification. Once initiated, the designated Point of Contact(s) at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility will be notified electronically through the [Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal](https://www.bhwservicedelivery.gov) that an Employment Verification has been requested by the applicant. Once completed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities Point of Contact(s), the applicant will be notified. The rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility must complete the electronic Employment Verification before an applicant will be allowed to submit the application. If an Employment Verification is not submitted by every rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility identified by the applicant, the application cannot be submitted. It is the applicant’s responsibility to ensure that the Employment Verification is completed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility Point of Contact. The National Health Service Corps will make no exceptions.

**NOTE:** If serving at an Indian Health Service Hospital or Critical Access Hospital, applicants must include the hospital-affiliated outpatient clinic in their application. This allows the National Health Service Corps to verify that all service obligations are met at the time of submission.
 Applicants who work at more than one rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility (e.g., several satellite clinics) must include all service locations by selecting from the drop-down menu and initiating an electronic Employment Verification for each facility when completing the Loan Repayment Program application. Selecting a facility where the applicant is not providing patient care will disqualify the application. Applicants must provide the exact address, including any applicable suite number, of each service facility where they work or intend to work.

For the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, the site point of contact is the National Health Service Corps on-site official who has agreed to and is qualified to perform the applicant’s initial employment verification, as well as the participant’s In-Service Verifications – including verification that the participant is meeting their service obligations – throughout the obligated service period. Once initiated by the applicant, the point of contact must complete the online Employment Verification. If an applicant is working at multiple facilities, each Employment Verification should reflect the hours worked at each site. The total hours from all the Employment Verifications must total 40 hours weekly for full-time employment and 20 hours weekly for part-time employment. After the site point of contact completes the Employment Verification, the applicant must submit the complete application by the application deadline, April 25, 2023.

The point of contact will receive periodic reminders to complete the Employment Verification; however, it is the applicant’s responsibility to ensure that the Employment Verification is complete and accurate, within a timeframe that will allow submission of the National Health Service Corps application by the application deadline. The applicant will receive notification that the point of contact has completed the Employment Verification and should work to complete and submit the application as soon as possible. The applicant must contact the point of contact to resolve any concerns regarding the responses provided on the Employment Verification.

Applicants will have the ability to edit their application prior to the application submission deadline and initiate a new Employment Verification if necessary (e.g., the site mistakenly stated that the applicant was not employed at the site or that the start work date is later than July 18, 2023). However, the site must complete the corrected Employment Verification before the applicant can resubmit the application, which must be done before the application deadline. The resubmitted application with corrected Employment Verification must be received by the April 25, 2023, deadline or the applicant will be ineligible for an award. Errors made by applicants and/or site point of contact cannot be corrected after the application deadline.

Most National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants are employees or independent contractors of non-federal facilities in or serving Health Professional Shortage Areas that have been approved by the National Health Service Corps for performance of the service obligation. Employment contract
negotiations are solely the responsibility of the clinician and are between the clinician and the service site. The National Health Service Corps strongly discourages service sites from considering the loan repayment funds as income to the clinician when negotiating the clinician’s salary. The terms of the employment contract should be carefully reviewed and fully understood by the clinician before the employment contract is signed. Applicants may want to seek legal guidance from private counsel before entering an employment contract.

It is important to remember that the participant’s service contract with the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program is separate and independent from the participant’s employment contract with the service site. The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program requires a participant to work a specified minimum number of hours per week (as outlined below). If the participant’s employment contract stipulates fewer hours (and their salary is based on those hours), the participant is still required to meet the National Health Service Corps Substance Use Disorder Workforce Loan Repayment Program service obligation requirements. The participant’s site point of contact must verify (1) the participant’s total work hours (paid and unpaid) and (2) National Health Service Corps full-time or half-time work status (see the “Service Verification” section) every six months during their period of obligated service.

(7) Loan Information. Answers in this section pertain to each qualifying educational loan for which an applicant is seeking repayment. All loans submitted will be verified to determine whether they are eligible for repayment under the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program through a review of the supporting documents, by contacting lenders/holders, and by checking the applicant’s credit report. Applicants are strongly encouraged to view the link provided in the application for detailed instructions on the types of documents that need to be provided to help the National Health Service Corps verify loan information. The following information must be entered about each of the loan applicants wish to submit for repayment, and the Required Supporting Documentation (see below) must be uploaded separately:

a. Name and contact information for the lender/holder.
b. Loan account number.
c. Original amount disbursed.
d. Original date of the loan.
e. Current outstanding balance (no more than 30 days from the date of the Loan Repayment Program application submission).
f. Current interest rate.
g. Type of loan. If a consolidated loan, additional questions will be asked:
   i. Original date of consolidation.
   ii. Original balance of consolidation.
   iii. Account number.
h. Purpose of loan.
Required Supporting Documentation

It is the applicant’s responsibility to provide/upload supporting documentation into the online application. All information in the supporting documentation must match answers provided in the online application or the application will be deemed ineligible. An application will not be considered complete, and an applicant may not submit an application, unless it contains each of the following required supporting documents:

1. **Proof of Status as a U.S. Citizen or U.S. National.** This document may include a copy of a birth certificate, the ID page of a current U.S. passport, or a certificate of citizenship or naturalization. **NOT acceptable documents: Copies of a driver’s license or a Social Security card.**

2. **Health Professional License.** Applicants will be required to submit proof of their current, full, permanent, unencumbered, unrestricted health professional license, certificate, or registration, (whichever is applicable) **with an expiration date,** in the state in which they intend to practice under the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program or from any state if practicing in a federal facility.

3. **Loan Information Verification.** Applicants will be required to provide two types of documentation for each loan that is being submitted for consideration: (a) an account statement; and (b) a disbursement report.
   a. **Account Statement.** This document is used to provide current information on their qualifying educational loans. Often borrowers receive monthly statements indicating the status of their loan balance. This document should:
      i. be on official letterhead or other clear verification that it comes from the lender/holder;
      ii. include the name of the borrower (i.e., the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applicant);
      iii. contain the account number;
      iv. include the date of the statement (cannot be more than 30 days from the date of Loan Repayment Program application submission);
      v. include the current outstanding balance (principal and interest) or the current payoff balance; and
      vi. include the current interest rate.
   b. **Disbursement Report.** This report is used to verify the originating loan information and should:
      i. be on official letterhead or other clear verification that it comes from the lender/holder;
      ii. include the name of the borrower;
      iii. contain the account number;
      iv. include the type of loan;
      v. include the original loan date (must be prior to the date of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program application submission);
      vi. include the original loan amount; and
      vii. include the purpose of the loan.
NOTE: For all federal loans, the Student Aid Summary report is used to verify the originating loan information. The applicant will need a Federal Student Aid ID (FSAID) to log in to their secured area—create an FSAID. If the applicant has multiple federal loans, they will only need to access one Student Aid Summary report. The Student Aid Summary report will contain information on all their federal loans.

For all other loans, the disbursement report can be satisfied through various types of documents including a promissory note, a disclosure statement, and letters directly from the lender containing the required information (as indicated in (b) above). The applicant may be able to obtain this disbursement information on their lender’s website; however, all documentation must be on official letterhead from the lender.

Additional Supplemental Documentation (if applicable)
The following additional documents will be required for submission if the applicant’s responses on the online application indicate that they are relevant. Only applicants who have these documents listed on their “Supporting Documents” page of the online application should submit them. These documents will be added to their Supporting Documents list once the online application has been submitted.

1. **Substance Use Disorder Specialized Training.** A specialized training to provide substance use disorder treatment services. *(For example, a X-Waiver).*

2. **Substance Use Disorder Certification/License.** A Substance Use Disorder licensure/certification must meet the national standard recognized by the National Board of Certified Counselors, National Association for Addiction Professionals, or International Certification & Reciprocity Consortium.

3. **Geriatrics Certification.** If an applicant selects geriatrics as a specialty, they will be required to upload a copy of the certificate of completion or diploma from the geriatrics training program where they matriculated.

4. **Verification of Disadvantaged Background.** This document certifies that the applicant comes from a disadvantaged background and either participated in, or would have been eligible to participate in, federal programs such as “Scholarships for Disadvantaged Students” or “Loans to Disadvantaged Students.” This document may be completed by a school official. Applicants may also self-attest to having a disadvantaged background by uploading a document that validates that they meet the criteria included on the disadvantaged background form. *(Federal student aid report, etc.).*

5. **Verification of Existing Service Obligation.** If the applicant has an existing service obligation, they must submit verification from the entity to which the obligation is owed that the existing service obligation will be completed before the applicable deadline, as described in the “Selection Factors” section above.

6. **Postgraduate Training Verification.** This document verifies that the applicant completed the Primary Care Training Enhancement: Training Primary Care Champions (applies to physicians and physician assistants only), Addiction Medicine Fellowship Program, Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Program, or the Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Integration Program. This documentation is in addition to the
postgraduate training related to the applicant’s practice area. Such documentation may include an official completion certificate.

7. **Teaching Health Center Graduate Medical Education (THCGME) Identification Number.** Applicants who have completed a postgraduate medical training program funded by Health Resources and Services Administration through the Teaching Health Center Graduate Medical Education Payment Program are required to submit the residency identification number and residency completion certificate, if available. Applicants should use the [Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education](https://www.acgme.org) to look up their program identification number.

8. **Proof of Name Change.** Applicants will be required to provide legal documents (marriage license or divorce decree) if the name on the proof of citizenship document is different from the name in the application.

9. **Payment History.** Former National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program participants must provide verification that all National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program funds were used to repay the approved qualifying educational loans that were approved as part of the applicant’s most recent National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program contract. Generally, this information is in the form of a payment history, which varies in name (i.e., Payment History, Financial Activity Summary, or Transaction History Report) that is provided by the lender servicer for each of the approved loans. The verification document must be uploaded to the application and clearly show that the entire award amount was applied to the approved loans during the most recent National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program service period. Documentation requirements include the following:
   a. An official document or printed webpage that includes the lender’s name, the account holder’s name, the loan account number, and must reflect all payments made during the contract period.
   b. The payment history must show that all National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program funds received have been paid toward their qualifying educational loans that were approved by the National Health Service Corps with the most recent contract.
   c. For loans consolidated during the most recent contract period, loan documents, including the lending institution’s list of the loans included in the consolidation and their original disbursement dates, are required. If the applicant’s loans were consolidated and the National Health Service Corps does not receive an itemized loan list, the applicant will not be given credit for payments made toward those loans. If the applicant consolidated their qualifying educational loans with non-qualifying debt, the National Health Service Corps cannot give credit for payments made toward the consolidated loans.

**NOTE:** Cancelled checks, bank statements, and “Paid in Full” letters will not be accepted as proof that loan payments were properly applied.
Application Review and Approval Process

Applicants receive a receipt of submission pop-up immediately upon submitting the online application. Applicants are able to view the overall status of their application, as well as a copy (.pdf) of their submitted application, uploaded supporting documents, and completed Employment Verifications by logging into the application account that was set up when the applicant registered to apply. **It is the applicant’s responsibility to ensure that the entirety of the application and required supporting documents (including Employment Verifications) and applicable supplemental documents are accurately submitted.**

Once the online application has been submitted, applicants will have an opportunity to make edits to their online application, including the ability to upload new documents, cancel and reinitiate employment verifications, change answers to questions and loan data, and withdraw their applications from consideration. Final edits and resubmissions must be made before the close of the application cycle (April 25, 2023).

Each time the application is reopened for editing, or to check specific elements of the application, the applicant must: 1) complete the “Self-Certifications” section, and 2) click the “Submit” button to resubmit their application, or the application will not be submitted. The National Health Service Corps advises that applicants submit their complete applications as early in the open application period as possible. Applicants who wait until the end of the application cycle risk submitting incomplete or ineligible applications if errors are found later during the open application cycle.

The “edit” option is available in the applicant’s account on the “Submitted” page, until the close of the application deadline. The ability to edit and resubmit an application will be disabled after the application deadline. Applications not resubmitted by this deadline will not be considered for an award.

No exceptions will be made in cases where an applicant fails to resubmit an edited application. Applicants may withdraw their application at any time prior to the contract being countersigned by the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or their designee. To withdraw, applicants must log into their application account, and select the “Withdraw” option on the “Submitted” page.

The National Health Service Corps will not begin to review applications for funding until the application deadline, April 25, 2023, has passed.

If review of the electronic Employment Verification indicates that the applicant’s position would be identified as a Private Practice Option (see “Practice Types” section), the applicant will electronically certify a Private Practice Option Request, as required by law. In addition, the applicant will e-sign the Private Practice Option Agreement, also required by law, which sets forth the requirements and limitations for a Private Practice Option. If the individual is selected for an award and the National Health Service Corps determines that the practice meets Private Practice Option requirements, the Secretary or their designee will countersign the Private Practice Option Agreement.
All participants must notify the National Health Service Corps of changes in personal information. Applicants and participants must provide the National Health Service Corps with notification of any changes to their contact information (e.g., name change, email, mailing address, or telephone number) prior to the change occurring, if possible, or immediately after the change occurs. Applicants can manage their contact information through their online application account on the “Account Settings” page. Once an applicant becomes a participant, they will be provided with information for logging into the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal.

National Health Service Corps Communication Methods

The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program frequently corresponds with applicants by email. It is important that the applicant check their email and application portal account during the application process for correspondence from the National Health Service Corps office and make certain to disable “spam” blockers (or check the spam folder). The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program will provide email updates, as applicable; however, it is the applicant’s responsibility to ensure the contact information that the National Health Service Corps has on file is correct. If updates are necessary, applicants can make changes prior to the close of the application cycle by logging into their application account. When submitted applications are opened for editing during the open application cycle, applicants must complete ALL steps to resubmit their application prior to the close of the application cycle. Applications that remain in the “In Progress” state (not submitted) after the close of the application cycle are not eligible for review or award.

CONFIRMATION OF INTEREST

Award finalists are notified by email to log into their application account to confirm their continued interest in receiving an award, and to confirm that the loan and employment information provided to the National Health Service Corps on their Loan Repayment Program Application remains valid. Applicants are also asked to confirm that they have read and understand the Loan Repayment Program contract they will be asked to sign if they accept an award. In addition, applicants are asked to provide their direct deposit banking information for award funds in the event they receive a Loan Repayment Program contract. Please note that this Confirmation of Interest is not a guarantee that the individual will receive an award, as awards are subject to the availability of funds. All participants will receive final notification of an award, including the service obligation dates, no later than September 30, 2023.

To confirm interest in receiving a National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program award, an applicant must respond by the deadline provided with the Confirmation of Interest email and verify that:

- They are currently employed by (i.e., are already working at) the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility(s) they selected when they submitted their application. Applicants who are not employed at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities verified by the National Health Service Corps, must check “NO” where asked.
• They are currently meeting and will, to the best of their knowledge, continue to meet the clinical practice requirements for their discipline and specialty, as outlined in this Application and Program Guidance, throughout the period of obligated service.

• The loans approved by the National Health Service Corps for repayment are correct.

All finalists **must read** and electronically sign the contract document. The electronic signature has the effect of a handwritten signature and verifies that all of the information in the Confirmation of Interest is accurate. Once the contract is countersigned by the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or their designee, the contract becomes executed and the participant’s National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program service obligation becomes effective. Applicants who verify inaccurate information on the Confirmation of Interest may not receive service credit and/or may be in a breach of contract. If an applicant does not complete the Confirmation of Interest process by the deadline, their application may be withdrawn from consideration and (if interested in participating in the program) they will be required to submit a new application during a future application cycle for first-time participants and compete with other providers based on program requirements in effect at that time.

If an individual selected for an award decides not to accept the award **prior to signing the contract**, they may decline the award by selecting the “decline” option on the Confirmation of Interest document. This process is without penalty and permits the award to be offered to an alternate applicant. Once an applicant declines the offer of award, there will not be any opportunities to reclaim the award.

If an individual selected for an award decides not to accept it **after signing the contract**, the individual should notify the National Health Service Corps immediately through the [Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal](https://www.bhw.gov) that they no longer want the award.

  • **If the Secretary’s designee has not yet countersigned the contract**, the individual will not incur a service obligation or any penalty for withdrawing.
  
  • **If the Secretary’s designee has signed the contract**, the individual has 60 days from the date the Secretary’s designee signed the contract to request a termination of the contract or may submit a written request to terminate at any time if the individual who has been awarded such contract has not received funds due under the contract.
Additional Information

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT

The purpose of this information collection is to obtain information through the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applications, which are used to assess a Loan Repayment Program applicant’s eligibility and qualifications for the Loan Repayment Program. Clinicians interested in participating in the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program must submit an application to the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget control number. The Office of Management and Budget control number for this information collection is 0915-0127 and it is valid until March 31, 2023. This information collection is required to obtain or retain a benefit (Section 338B of the Public Health Service Act [42 U.S.C. § 254I-1]). Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Health Resources and Services Administration Reports Clearance Officer, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 14N136B, Rockville, Maryland, 20857.

RESOURCES FOR APPLICANTS

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration - An agency within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, that leads public health efforts to advance the behavioral health of the nation and to improve the lives of individuals living with mental and substance use disorders, and their families.

Health Workforce Connector
The Health Workforce Connector contains a searchable database for the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, including those with current job openings. Additionally, clinicians can create a searchable user profile, so hiring sites can contact you.

If a site has not completed the process to opt-in, the site will not be listed as a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility on the.

Health Professional Shortage Area Find
All National Health Service Corps participants must serve at a National Health Service Corps-approved site in a Health Professional Shortage Area appropriate to their discipline, as noted above. You may find the locations of current Health Professional Shortage Areas by using the following tools:

Health Professional Shortage Area Find
Find Shortage Areas by Address
Customer Care Center
Any individual with questions about the National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program may contact the Customer Care Center Monday through Friday (except federal holidays), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. ET.

- 1-800-221-9393
- TTY: 1-877-897-9910

Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal
Once an applicant has been selected for an award, they will be provided with instructions for establishing a Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal account. The system allows National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants to access pertinent program materials and their participant profile, make service requests, and to communicate with the National Health Service Corps directly.

National Health Service Corps Social Media
- National Health Service Corps Website
- National Health Service Corps Facebook page
- National Health Service Corps Twitter page
- National Health Service Corps LinkedIn page
DEFINITIONS

**Addiction Medicine Fellowship Program** – As authorized by Section 760(a)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. § 294k(a)(1)), trains addiction medicine specialists who work in underserved, community-based settings that integrate primary care with mental health disorders and substance use disorder (Substance Use Disorder) prevention and treatment services. Program completers will have received training in one of three tracks: (1) a virtual training track that includes an in-person rotation at a teaching health center or in a community-based setting, followed by a virtual rotation in which the resident or fellow continues to support the care of patients at the teaching health center or in the community-based setting through the use of health information technology and, as appropriate, telehealth services; (2) an in-person training track that includes a rotation, during which the resident or fellow practices at a teaching health center or in a community-based setting; or (3) an in-person training track that includes a rotation during which the resident practices in a community-based setting that specializes in the treatment of infants, children, adolescents, or pregnant or postpartum women.

**Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Program** – As authorized by 42 U.S.C § 296j (Section 811 of the Public Health Service Act), prepares new nurse practitioners in primary care for practice in community-based settings in underserved areas through clinical and academic focused 12-month Nurse Practitioner Residency programs, with a preference for those projects that benefit rural or underserved populations. The Health Resources and Services Administration -funded Nurse Practitioner residency programs must be accredited by a recognized, professional Nurse Practitioner accreditation organization.

**Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Integration Program** – As authorized by 42 U.S.C § 296j (Section 811 of the Public Health Service Act), prepares new primary care or behavioral health nurse practitioners to work in integrated, community-based settings in underserved areas. Under Section 805 of the Public Health Service Act and as directed in the Joint Explanatory Statement accompanying the Further Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2020, the Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Integration Program provided a funding preference for applicants with projects that substantially benefited rural or underserved populations or help meet public health nursing needs in state or local health departments. In addition, this program includes a funding preference for an applicant that is a Federally Qualified Health Center. The Health Resources and Services Administration -funded NP residency programs must be accredited by a recognized, professional Nurse Practitioner accreditation organization.

**Approved Alternative Setting** – Alternative settings include any setting in a Health Professional Shortage Area at which the clinician is directed to provide care by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility, to address continuity of care (e.g., shelters). The alternative sites must provide services that are appropriate for the discipline and specialty of the clinician and the services provided. Approved Alternative Settings may be at a lower Health Professional Shortage Area score than the Health Professional Shortage Area score on the participant’s application. Services at alternative sites must be an extension of the comprehensive primary care provided at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility.
**Bureau of Health Workforce (Bureau of Health Workforce)** – The bureau within the Health Resources and Services Administration (Health Resources and Services Administration) that administers the National Health Service Corps (National Health Service Corps) and Nurse Corps Scholarship and Loan Repayment Programs, the Faculty Loan Repayment Program, Native Hawaiian Health Scholarship Program (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Program), and grants for the State Loan Repayment Program

**Care Coordination** – For purposes of the National Health Service Corps, “Care Coordination” is the deliberate organization of patient care activities between two or more participants (including the patient) involved in a patient’s care to facilitate the appropriate delivery of health care services. Organizing care involves the marshalling of personnel and other resources needed to carry out all required patient care activities and is often managed by the exchange of information among participants responsible for different aspects of care.

**Clinical-related Administrative, Management or Other Activities** – May include charting, care coordination activities, training, laboratory follow-up, patient correspondence, attending staff meetings, activities related to maintaining professional licensure, and other non-treatment-related activities pertaining to the participant’s approved National Health Service Corps practice. Any time spent in a management role is also considered to be an administrative activity. The duties of a medical director are considered primarily administrative, and National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program participants serving in such a capacity should keep in mind that they cannot count more than 4 hours per week of administrative and/or management time if serving full-time (2 hours if serving half-time) toward the total required 40 hours per week (or 20 hours per week in the case of half-time service).

**Commercial or Private Student Loans** – Also known as college loans, educational loans, or alternative student loans. These are non-government loans made by a private lender specifically for graduate or undergraduate education expenses, such as tuition, room, board, books, and other associated educational costs. These loans are made by banks, credit unions, savings and loan associations, insurance companies, schools, and other financial or credit institutions, which are subject to examination and supervision in their capacity as lenders by an agency of the United States or of the state in which the lender has its principal place of business. These are unsecured loans with various options for repayment and may offer forbearance and deferral options. Loans obtained to cover residency and relocation expenses do not qualify for repayment under the National Health Service Corps loan repayment programs.

**Community-Based Settings** – Facilities open to the public and located in a Health Professional Shortage Area; they expand the accessibility of health services by fostering a health promoting environment and may provide comprehensive primary behavioral and mental health care services. These facilities may function as part of a system of care to ensure continuity of patient-centered, comprehensive, and coordinated care. Only behavioral and mental health providers may serve in community-based settings as directed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment
facility, and the service must be an extension of the comprehensive primary care provided at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility.

**Comprehensive Primary Behavioral/Mental Health Care Services** – Services that include but are not limited to screening and assessment, diagnosis, treatment plans, therapeutic services including access to medication prescribing and management, crisis care including 24-hour call access, case management, consultative services, and care coordination. Rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities providing such services must function as part of a system of care to ensure continuity of patient-centered, comprehensive, and coordinated care. The rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility must also offer or ensure access to ancillary, inpatient, and specialty referrals.

**Critical Access Hospital** – A facility certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under section 1820 of the Social Security Act. A Critical Access Hospital must be located in a rural area in a state that has a Rural Hospital Flexibility Program, have no more than 25 inpatient beds, an average annual length of stay of 96 hours or less, and be located either more than a 35-mile drive from the nearest hospital or Critical Access Hospital, or more than a 15-mile drive in areas with mountainous terrain or only secondary roads. For the purposes of the National Health Service Corps, the Critical Access Hospital must also include a National Health Service Corps-approved affiliated outpatient primary care clinic. For more information, please review the [Critical Access Hospital Booklet](#).

**Default of Payment Obligation** – Being more than 120 days past due on the payment of a financial obligation or being determined to be in default by the applicable federal program under the standards of that program.

**Default of Service Obligation** – Failure for any reason to begin or complete a contractual service obligation.

**Disadvantaged Background** – As defined by the Scholarship for Disadvantaged Students program (Sec. 737 of the Public Health Service Act); this refers to individuals who have been identified by their schools as having come from a “disadvantaged background” based on environmental and/or economic factors. “Environmental factors” means that the individual comes from an environment that has inhibited the individual from obtaining the knowledge, skill, and abilities required to enroll in and graduate from a school. “Economic factors” means that the individual comes from a family with an annual income below a level based on low-income thresholds according to family size published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, adjusted annually for changes in the Consumer Price Index, and adjusted by the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for adaptation to this program.

**Distant Site** – A site where the National Health Service Corps participant is located while providing health care services via a telecommunications system.

**Family and Family Member** – As used in the Guidance and for the purposes of the National Health Service Corps, “family member” includes spouses, as well as unmarried partners (both same sex and opposite sex) living in the same household.
Federal Direct Student Loans – A student loan offered by the Federal Government that has a low-interest rate for students and parents and is used to pay for the costs of education for undergraduate, graduate, and professional students at a college or career school. The lender for the Federal Direct Student Loan is the U.S. Department of Education, rather than an institution, such as a bank.

Federal Judgment Lien – A lien that is placed against an individual’s home or property when a court-ordered judgment is entered against the individual for an unpaid federal debt (e.g., a federal student loan or federally insured home mortgage). An IRS tax lien that is not created pursuant to a court-ordered judgment is not a federal judgment lien.

Federally Qualified Health Centers include:
(1) nonprofit entities that receive a grant (or funding from a grant) under section 330 of the Public Health Service (PHS) Act (i.e., health centers);
(2) FQHC “Look-Alikes”, which are nonprofit entities that are certified by the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services as meeting the requirements for receiving a grant under section 330 of the Public Health Service Act but are not grantees; and
(3) outpatient health programs or sites operated by a tribe or tribal organization under the Indian Self-Determination Act or by an urban Indian organization receiving funds under title V of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act.

Federal Fiscal Year – Defined as October 1 through September 30.

Full-Time Clinical Practice – Working a minimum of 40 hours per week in a clinical practice, for a minimum of 45 weeks per service year, in a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. For a more detailed explanation of the full-time clinical practice requirement, see the “Service Obligation Requirements” section.

Government Loans – Loans made by federal, state and county or city agencies authorized by law to make such loans.

Half-Time Clinical Practice – Working a minimum of 20 hours per week in a clinical practice, not to exceed 39 hours per week, for a minimum of 45 weeks per service year, in a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. For a more detailed explanation of the half-time clinical practice requirement, see the “Service Obligation Requirements” section.

Health Professional Shortage Area – A geographic area, population group, public or nonprofit private medical facility or other public facility determined by the Secretary of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to have a shortage of primary health care professionals based on criteria defined in statute or regulation. Information considered when designating a primary care Health Professional Shortage Area includes health provider to population ratios, rates of poverty, and access to available primary health services. Health Professional Shortage Areas are designated by the Shortage Designation Branch, within Health Resources and Services Administration’s Bureau of Health
Workforce, pursuant to Section 332 of the Public Health Service Act (Title 42, U.S. Code, Section 254e) and implementing regulations (Title 42, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 5).

**Health Resources and Services Administration** – An operating agency of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

**Health Workforce Connector** – The [Health Workforce Connector](#) is a searchable database of open job opportunities and information on National Health Service Corps-approved sites.

**Holder** – The commercial or government institution that currently holds the promissory note for the qualifying educational loan (e.g., MOHELA, Aidvantage, etc.).

**Indian Health Service Hospitals** – A collective term that includes hospitals that are both Indian Health Service-owned and Indian Health Service-operated, or Indian Health Service-owned and tribally operated (i.e., a federal facility operated by a tribe or tribal organization contracting with the Indian Health Service pursuant to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act), which provide both inpatient and outpatient clinical Substance Use Disorder treatment services to eligible American Indians and Alaska Natives. This term does not include hospitals that are both tribally owned and tribally operated.

**Indian Health Service, Tribal or Urban Indian Health Clinic** – A health care facility (whether operated directly by the Indian Health Service; or by a tribe or tribal organization contracting with the Indian Health Service pursuant to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act, codified at 25 U.S.C. 450 et seq.; or by an urban Indian organization receiving funds under Subchapter IV of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, codified at 25 U.S.C. 1651 et seq.), which provides clinical Substance Use Disorder treatment services to eligible American Indians and Alaska Natives on an outpatient basis. For more information, please read the [Urban Indian Health Program Fact Sheet](#) or [Indian Health Service Profile](#).

**Lender** – The commercial or government institution that initially made the qualifying loan (e.g., Department of Education).

**Maternity Care Target Area** – A geographic area within a primary care Health Professional Shortage Area that has a shortage of maternity care health professionals.

**Medication for Opioid use Disorder Treatment** – An approach to opioid use treatment that combines the use of Food and Drug Administration-approved drugs with counseling and behavioral therapies for people diagnosed with opioid use disorder.

**National Health Service Corps (National Health Service Corps)** – “The Emergency Health Personnel Act of 1970,” Public Law 91-623, established the National Health Service Corps on December 31, 1970. The National Health Service Corps Program, within the Department of Health and Human Services, was created to eliminate the health professional shortages in Health Professional Shortage Areas through the assignment of trained health professionals to provide primary health services in Health
Professional Shortage Areas. The National Health Service Corps seeks to improve the health of underserved Americans by bringing together communities in need and quality primary health care professionals.

**National Health Service Corps (National Health Service Corps) Loan Repayment Program (Loan Repayment Program)** – The National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program is authorized by Sections 338B and 331(i) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended. Under the National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program, participants provide full-time or half-time primary health services in Health Professional Shortage Areas in exchange for funds for the repayment of their qualifying educational loans. The National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program selects fully trained and licensed primary health care clinicians dedicated to meeting the health care needs of medically underserved Health Professional Shortage Area communities.

**National Health Service Corps-Approved Service Site** – A National Health Service Corps-approved site must be located in and provide service to a Health Professional Shortage Area; provide comprehensive primary medical care, behavioral/mental health, and/or dental services; provide ambulatory care services (no inpatient sites except Critical Access Hospitals or Indian Health Service Hospitals affiliated with an outpatient clinic); ensure access to ancillary, inpatient, and specialty referrals; charge fees for services consistent with prevailing rates in the area; discount or waive fees for individuals at or below 200% of the federal poverty level; accept assignment for Medicare beneficiaries; enter into agreements with Medicaid and the Children’s Health Insurance Program, as applicable; not discriminate in the provision of services based on an individual’s inability to pay for services or the source of payment (Medicare/Medicaid/Children’s Health Insurance Program); prominently post signage that no one will be denied access to services due to inability to pay; agree not to reduce clinician’s salary due to National Health Service Corps support; provide sound fiscal management; and maintain a recruitment and retention plan, as well as a credentialing process, for clinicians. All National Health Service Corps-approved service sites must continuously meet the above requirements. For more information about National Health Service Corps service sites, see the [National Health Service Corps Site Reference Guide](#).

**National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program (National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program)** – The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program is authorized by Section 338B of the Public Health Service Act (42 United States Code Section 254l-1); Section 331(i) of the Public Health Service Act (42 United States Code Section 254d(i)), and funded by Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, Title II (Public Law No. 116-260, Title II) Department of Defense and Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education Appropriations Act. The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program recruits medical, nursing, and behavioral/mental health clinicians with specific training and credentials to provide evidence-based substance use disorder (Substance Use Disorder) treatment in rural Health Professional Shortage Areas.

**Non-opioid Outpatient Substance Use Disorder Treatment Facility** – Sites other than Opioid Treatment Programs and [Office-Based Opioid Treatment](#) facilities that provide outpatient Substance Use Disorder treatment services to patients with Substance Use Disorder needs.
Nurse Practitioner Residency – A Nurse Practitioner residency/fellowship program is a voluntary post-graduate training program through which licensed and certified new advanced practice nurse graduates are provided additional didactic and clinical experiences alongside other healthcare providers, enhancing transition from education to practice. Nurse Practitioner Residency/Fellowship programs aim to prepare novice Nurse Practitioners to practice as providers and support their professional transition to clinical practice. This form of mentored clinical education occurs within a structured learning environment, typically lasts 12 months long and diversifies the Nurse Practitioner clinical preparation via varied clinical rotations, supervised hours, and didactic training.

Office-Based Opioid Treatment Facility – Clinical practices that provide office-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder to patients with opioid use disorder by a provider with an X-waiver.

Opioid Treatment Programs – Sites that provide Medications for Opioid Use Disorder for people diagnosed with opioid-use disorder that are certified by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration in accordance with 42 C.F.R. Part 8. Opioid Treatment Programs must also be accredited by an independent, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration-approved accrediting body to dispense opioid treatment medications, licensed by the state in which they operate, and must register with the Drug Enforcement Administration through a local Drug Enforcement Administration office.

Postgraduate Training – Refers to additional training that a health professions student may participate in after they graduate from a health professions education program (e.g., internships, residencies, chief residency, and fellowships).

Primary care – Primary care is the provision of integrated, accessible health care services by clinicians who are accountable for addressing a large majority of personal health care needs, developing a sustained partnership with patients, and practicing in the context of family and community.

Primary Care Training Enhancements: Training Primary Care Champions Program – As authorized by section 747(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293k(a)), Primary Care Training Enhancements Training Primary Care Champions program strengthens primary care and the workforce by training community-based practicing primary care physicians and physician assistants to lead health care transformation. Program completers will have received training in community-based primary care sites though academic community partnerships, as well as training that addresses competencies in the areas of leadership, team-based integrative health care, quality improvement, population health, social determinants of health, policy, and education. Additionally, graduates of the program implement a health care transformation project in their community-based primary care site. Health Resources and Services Administration’s National Health Service Corps collaboration with the Primary Care Training Enhancements program will bolster the primary care workforce in underserved communities.

Primary Health Services – Means health services regarding family medicine, internal medicine, pediatrics, obstetrics and gynecology, dentistry, or mental health, that are provided by physicians or
other health professionals, and for purposes of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, includes clinical substance use disorder treatment services.

**Qualifying Educational Loans** – Government and private student loans for actual costs paid for tuition and reasonable educational and living expenses related to the undergraduate or graduate education of the participant that were obtained by the clinician prior to their submission of an application to participate in the National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program or National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program. Such loans must be contemporaneous with the education received. Participants will receive funds for repayment of qualifying educational loans that are still owed. If the applicant has a consolidated/refinanced loan that is made up entirely of qualifying educational loans of the applicant, the consolidated/refinanced loan is eligible for repayment. If the applicant has consolidated otherwise qualifying educational loans with any non-qualifying debt, no portion of the consolidated/refinanced loan will be eligible.

**Rural Communities Opioid Response Program Consortium Member Site** – As used in this Guidance and for the purposes of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, the use of the term Rural Communities Opioid Response Program Consortium Member Site refers to a site operated by all domestic public or private, non-profit or for-profit entities, including faith-based and community-based organizations, tribes, and tribal organizations, that are past or current grant recipients (either the applicant organization or consortium member) under one or more Rural Communities Opioid Response Program funding opportunities. Please visit the Rural Communities Opioid Response Program website for more information regarding current and past Rural Communities Opioid Response Program funding opportunities.

**Reasonable Educational Expenses** – The costs of education, exclusive of tuition, such as fees, books, supplies, clinical travel, educational equipment and materials, and board, certification/licensing exams, which do not exceed the school’s estimated standard student budget for educational expenses for the participant’s degree program and for the year(s) of that participant’s enrollment. Debt associated with residency programs or relocation is not considered “reasonable educational expenses” under the National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program or National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program.

**Reasonable Living Expenses** – The costs of room and board, transportation, and commuting costs, which do not exceed the school’s estimated standard student budget for living expenses at that school for the participant’s degree program and for the year(s) of that participant’s enrollment. Debt associated with residency programs or relocation is not considered “reasonable living expenses” under the National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program or National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program.

**Rural-Urban Commuting Area Codes** – Rural-Urban Commuting Area codes, or Rural-Urban Commuting Area, are a Census tract-based classification scheme that utilizes the standard Census Bureau urban area and place definitions in combination with commuting information to characterize all of the nation's census tracts regarding their rural and urban status, and relationships.
Rural Communities – Geographical areas located in Health Resources and Services Administration - designated rural counties or rural census tracts in urban counties as defined by the Rural Health Grants Eligibility Analyzer. To determine if your community is rural, you can use the Rural Health Grants Eligibility Analyzer. Look up eligible census tracts within urban counties.

Rural National Health Service Corps-Approved Substance Use Disorder Treatment Facility – A health care site that is: located in, or provides service to a Health Professional Shortage Area; located in an area designated as Rural by FORHP; provides comprehensive primary medical care, behavioral/mental health, and/or dental services; provides ambulatory care services (no inpatient sites, except Indian Health Service Hospitals or Critical Access Hospital); ensures access to ancillary, inpatient, and specialty referrals; charges fees for services consistent with prevailing rates in the area; discounts or waives fees for individuals at or below 200% of the federal poverty level; accepts assignment for Medicare beneficiaries; enters into agreements with Medicaid and the Children’s Health Insurance Program, as applicable; does not discriminate in the provision of services based on an individual’s inability to pay for services or the source of payment (Medicare/Medicaid/CHIP); prominently posts signage that no one will be denied access to services due to inability to pay; agrees not to reduce clinician’s salary due to National Health Service Corps support; provides sound fiscal management; and maintains a recruitment and retention plan, as well as a credentialing process, for clinicians.

As used in this Guidance and for purposes of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, the term rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility is also a collective term used to refer to opioid treatment programs, office-based opioid treatment facilities, and non-opioid outpatient Substance Use Disorder treatment facilities that meet the requirements described in the above paragraph. The National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program applicants must work at a rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility in order to be eligible for the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program. To determine if a site is considered “rural” for purposes of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, use this Health Resources and Services Administration Data Warehouse tool: the Rural Health Grants Eligibility Analyzer.

School – A public or private institution (including home schools), providing instruction to children of compulsory school age in kindergarten, grades 1-12, or their equivalent. The operation and administration of the school must meet applicable federal, state, and local laws, and services provided by National Health Service Corps participants in a school must be an extension of the comprehensive primary care provided at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility.

School-Based Clinics – A part of a system of care located in or near a school facility of a school district or board or of an Indian tribe or tribal organization; organized through school, community, and health provider relationships. This facility provides - through health professionals - primary health services to school aged children and adolescents in accordance with federal, state, and local law, including laws relating to licensure and certification. In addition, this rural National Health Service Corps-approved
Substance Use Disorder treatment facility satisfies such other requirements as a state may establish for the operation of such a clinic.

**Solo or Group Private Practice** – A clinical practice that is made up of either one or more providers in which the providers have ownership or an invested interest in the practice. Private practices can be arranged to provide primary medical, dental, and/or mental health services and can be organized as entities on the following basis: fee-for-service; capitation; a combination of the two; family practice group; primary care group; or multi-specialty group.

**Spouse** – As used in this *Guidance* and for the purposes of the National Health Service Corps, “spouse” includes same-sex married couples, as well as opposite-sex married couples. In accordance with the Supreme Court decisions in *United States v. Windsor* and in *Obergefell v. Hodges*, the Department of Health and Human Services will treat as valid marriages of same-sex couples. The term “spouse” does not include individuals in registered domestic partnerships, civil unions, or similar formal relationships recognized under state law as something other than a marriage.

**State** – As used in this *Guidance*, state includes the 50 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Territory of American Samoa, Territory of Guam, Republic of Palau, Republic of the Marshall Islands, and Federated States of Micronesia.

**Substance Use Disorder (Substance Use Disorder)** – Involves the overuse of, or dependence on, one or more substances leading to a clinically significant impairment whose effects are detrimental to the individual's physical and mental health, or the welfare of others.

**Substance Use Disorder (Substance Use Disorder) Professional** – As used in this *Guidance* and for the purposes of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, Substance Use Disorder Professionals are Allopathic/Osteopathic Physicians, Physician Assistants, Psychiatrists, Nurse Practitioners, Certified Nurse Midwives, Psychiatric Nurse Specialists, Physician Assistants, Licensed Substance Use Disorder counselors, Health Service Psychologists, Licensed Clinical Social Workers, Marriage and Family Therapists, Licensed Professional Counselors, Pharmacists, Registered Nurses and Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetists who satisfy the discipline specific training, licensure and credentialing requirements identified in the “Required Credentials for Eligible Disciplines” section.

**Substance Use Disorder (Substance Use Disorder) Treatment** – As used in this guidance and for purposes of the National Health Service Corps Rural Community Loan Repayment Program, substance use disorder treatment refers to substance use disorder-related care that is delivered based on a standardized assessment of substance use disorder treatment needs.

**Teaching** – As used in this *Guidance*, teaching is providing clinical education to students or residents in their area of expertise at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility. All teaching must be conducted as directed by the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility/facilities.
The clinical education may: (1) be conducted as part of an accredited clinical training program; (2) include the clinical supervision of a student/clinician that is required in order for that student/clinician to receive a license under state law; or (3) include mentoring that is conducted as a part of the Health Careers Opportunity Program or the Centers of Excellence program, which are both funded through Health Resources and Services Administration grants. Teaching must be conducted at the rural National Health Service Corps-approved Substance Use Disorder treatment facility specified in the Bureau of Health Workforce Customer Service Portal profile. If the National Health Service Corps participant is actually providing the clinical service while a student/clinician observes, the activity should be treated as patient care.

**Teaching Health Center Graduate Medical Education Program** – As authorized by Section 340H of the Public Health Service Act [42 U.S.C. 256h], as amended, the Teaching Health Center Graduate Medical Education payment program provides funding to support the training of residents in primary care residency programs in community-based ambulatory patient care centers.

**Teaching Health Center** – An entity, funded by Health Resources and Services Administration under 42 U.S.C. § 256h, that (1) is a community based, ambulatory patient care center and (2) operates a primary care postgraduate training program (i.e., an approved graduate medical residency program in family medicine, internal medicine, pediatrics, internal medicine-pediatrics, obstetrics and gynecology, psychiatry, general dentistry, pediatric dentistry, or geriatrics). Currently funded Teaching Health Centers are listed on the Health Resources and Services Administration Data Warehouse site.

**Tribal Health Program** – An Indian tribe or tribal organization that operates any health program, service, function, activity, or facility funded, in whole or part, by the Indian Health Service through, or provided for in, a contract or compact with the Indian Health Service under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 USC 450 et seq.).

**Unencumbered License** – A license that is not revoked, suspended, or made probationary or conditional by the state licensing authority as the result of disciplinary action.